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BRITAIN AND EGYPT. ZAGHLUL LEAVES FOR LONDON. TO CONFER WITH MACDONALD. HOPES TO DISSIPATE CLOUDS. (Reuter's Service.)

PARIS, September 22.
The Egyptian Prime Minister, Zaghlul Pasha, left for London to-day to negotiate with Mr. Ramsay MacDonald regarding outstanding Anglo-Egyptian questions.

DISARMAMENT. PROVISIONAL TEXT OF PROTOCOL. POWERS OF HAGUE COURT. (Reuter's Service.)

GENEVA, September 22.
The provisional text of the arbitration disarmament protocol, which is subject to modification, has been published. It generally follows the lines cabled on September 16. Article one amends article twelve of the League Covenant and forbids a member of the League to engage in warfare with another member, excepting in case of resistance to acts of aggression or when acting with the consent of the League. Article five defines an aggressor as the country refusing to submit the dispute to pacific settlement or conform to judicial ruling, arbitral award or the unanimous decision of the Council.

The Hague Court will be arbitrator when international law is involved; while upon the Council devolves the responsibility of deciding whether an act of war has been illegally committed and applying appropriate sanctions. Another article, which is unnumbered, authorizes that an invitation be issued to a non-member nation to submit to the provisions of the protocol when engaged in a dispute with a signatory to the protocol.

AGGRESSOR MUST PAY.
The question of economic and financial sanctions to the "inflicted wrongdoer" shall come under article seven and shall be decided by the economic financial organisations of the League. Article eight requires signatories to give the Council in advance undertakings regarding the extent of the military, naval and air forces they are able to bring into action immediately in order to enforce provisions of the protocol. While signatories may provide the whole or any part of their military, naval, and air forces to assist the victim of aggression, all costs of operations shall be imposed on the aggressor.

TIME LIMIT.
Unless a majority of the permanent members of the Council and ten other members ratify the protocol by May 1, 1925, invitations to the disarmament conference shall be cancelled. The protocol will not take effect until the disarmament scheme is adopted. In the meantime the Council will draft a programme of disarmament, which will be communicated to the Powers at least 2 months before the Conference meets. The protocol also will lapse if the conference on the disarmament scheme is not held within a period to be fixed by the Conference. While any member of the Conference not conforming to the disarmament scheme within the time limit, will be excluded from the benefits of the protocol, the appendix stipulates that differences with regard to the interpretation of the protocol shall be submitted to the International Court of Justice.

PRINCE OF WALES. LEAVES U.S. FOR CANADA. FAREWELL MESSAGE TO AMERICA. KEEN FOR EXTENSIVE TOUR. (Reuter's American Service.)

SVOSSET, September 22.
The Prince of Wales left to-day for Canada. The entire town turned out to bid the Prince farewell at the station.

The Prince issued a statement, expressing real regret at leaving the United States and thanking the President and his fellow citizens for offering him the right hand of good-fellowship.

The Prince expressed the hope that some day he would be able to make an extensive tour of the United States.

**ANGLO-RUSSIAN TREATY.
GOVERNMENT HOPES DASHED.
RESULT OF ASQUITH'S LETTER.
(Reuter's Service.)**

LONDON, September 22.
Mr. H. H. Asquith's letter has dashed the hopes in Government circles that the Liberals would tacitly support the existing text of the Anglo-Russian Treaty, while seeking to amend the unacceptable provisions.

But no representative of the Liberals, interviewed to-day, believed the situation would result in an immediate General Election.

The Liberals hope the Government will revise or elaborate its plan for a Russian Settlement before the issue reaches a crucial stage in the House of Commons. It is suggested that Government resume Anglo-Soviet negotiations as a solution of the impasse.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS. ASSEMBLY AND CHINA. PEKING PROPOSAL ADOPTED. (Reuter's Service.)

GENEVA, September 22.
The Assembly of the League of Nations has adopted the proposal of the Chinese delegates, that in the selection of the six non-permanent members of the Council, the geographical divisions of the world and ethnic groups will be considered. The Assembly also adopted the report of the mandates commission, and the report dealing with slavery.

FOOTBALL AT HOME. LATEST RESULTS. (Reuter's Service.)

LONDON, September 22.
Below will be found the result of league games played to-day.

First League.
Sheffield U. 1 West Ham U. 1
Tottenham H. 0 West Bromwich A. 1

Scottish League.
Morton 1 Aberdeen 0

MISCHIEVOUS AGITATION. GOVERNOR OF BENGAL MISREPRESENTED.

Lord Lytton, in the course of a letter to Dr. Rabindranath Tagore, with reference to His Excellency's recent speech at Dacca, in which he stated that a certain section of Indians is not above urging their womanhood for political purposes, to make allegations that they have been criminally assaulted by policemen says that it appears from comments on this speech that, in addition to much deliberate misinterpretation, there has been some genuine misunderstanding of the words which he used. "This I am anxious to remove, as I should be sorry if anyone were to receive a false impression of what I actually said." The misunderstanding is apparently due to the fact that some of the words which I used have a different meaning in English and in Bengali, and I am told that in Bengali the equivalent of the words "Indian men" or "Indian women" convey the same meaning as the words "the men of India" or "the women of India"; whereas, in English, of course, there is a great difference between the two phrases. The latter is, no doubt, synonymous with the manhood or womanhood of India, but the former, in the context in which I used it, was, I am sure, certainly not synonymous with the manhood or womanhood of India. I was, in fact, referring to a certain group of men and women, who were, in my opinion, misrepresenting the views of the Indian people.

for their opinions which they have found in my words, but I am anxious to remove from the minds of my friends the slightest ground for believing that I had said, or was capable of saying, anything disrespectful of Indian womanhood or Indian manhood. Such an action would be impossible on my part, for my respect for womanhood knows no bounds of race or country; and I could no more insult the women of India than I could insult the women of my own country.

DRUG SELLERS. SCOTLAND YARD'S STEADY VIGILANCE.

London, August 22.—The traffic in dangerous drugs, which at one time attained grave proportions in the West End of London, has now been greatly reduced.

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FEMINISM IN INDIA.

THE PURDAH'S
ADVANTAGES.

London, July 27.—Princess Helena Victoria, who read the Queen's India Day "message at Wembley, yesterday, when she was presented with a garland of flowers by the Indian ladies' committee, was received by the following members of committee: Viscountess Willingdon, Mary Countess of Minto, Lady Dalai, Lady Tata, Lady Jehangir, Lady Inan, Lady Gaiway, Mrs. Chaudhuri, Mrs. Sen, Mrs. Mitter, and Miss Cornelia Sorabji. Among others present were:

Sir Cowaji Jehangir, Sir Ali Imam, Mr. N. M. Samandh, Sir K. A. Gupta, Lady Lawley, Lady Pinhey, Mrs. Meyer, Mrs. Talayarkhan, M.P., Mrs. Harris, Mrs. Winttingham, M.P., Mrs. Philipson, M.P., Miss Du Cane, Lady Lloyd, Mrs. Polak, Lady Sydenham, and Lady Pentland.

Lady Willingdon, who presided, said she would never forget the constant friendship, goodwill, and affection she had received from all classes of Indian people, and it was her confident hope that those women of both races who loved India would co-operate to cement the ties between the two countries.

Lady Jehangir said that as a Parsee she inherited the traditions of ancient Persia, where the women were free and strong. About sixty-five years ago the great men of the Parsee community decided that it was time their women were educated and their freedom restored, and there ensued a tug-of-war between the orthodox and the reformers. Indian women who were growing up had not now to fight for their freedom, and they were eager to share in the world's work. They were agitating for the right to stand for election to Indian councils and assemblies.

Lady Ali Imam, a Mohammedan lady, described how she was brought up in the strict seclusion of the Indian zenana till she married at the age of 21, and out of deference to the wish of her husband broke the purdah on her wedding day. "I am happy to say after five years that the experience has proved exceedingly agreeable," she went on. "Nevertheless the purdah has advantages that cannot be entirely compensated for by the acquisition of freedom out of it. The real home in India is even this day behind the purdah, whether it be Hindu or Mohammedan. The outside world knows little of the high station occupied by Indian women in their homes; it is a mistake to think that the zenana walls hold captives labouring under masculine authority. The children in my country are brought up in the faith that 'Paradise is under the feet of the mother.'"

Lady Imam added that in the process of emancipation she hoped her Western sisters would interest themselves in ensuring that the priceless good in Indian zenana life would not be lost. Dr. Kate Platt, speaking on "Medical Work in India," said that over 7,000,000 children were born in a year and over 100,000 mothers died. She emphasised the urgent need for training medical women in every Presidency and province, and expressed her surprise that Indian women had not entered the nursing profession in greater numbers.

Mrs. Chaudhuri said that many Indian men had the advancement of women at heart, but a great many did not care for their wives to take part in outside work, and even if they did not object, disliked them to devote much time to it.

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ODDS & ENDS.

MAINLY SCISSORS LOOK.

R.A.F. Parachutes.

After researches and mid-air tests the Air Ministry is satisfied that it now has an efficient parachute for use by aeroplane pilots. In some cases the parachute will be folded up and carried on the airman's back, while in others it will be in a container on the machine. One of the first regular uses of the parachute in official flying will be in evolutions with experimental war aeroplanes.

17,000,000 Pennies.
In a cellar in Horseferry-road, Westminster, S.W., is a store of 17,000,000 pennies belonging to the Gas Light and Coke Company. The coins, which are worth more than £70,000, have been taken from the 540,000 penny-in-the-slot gas meters owned by the company. They weigh 158 tons and are packed in 14,000 bags. Altogether 600,000,000 pennies, worth £2,500,000, are collected in a year by the company.

New Magistrate.
Mr. Thomas Scanlan has been appointed a metropolitan police magistrate in place of Mr. Cecil Chapman, retired. Mr. Scanlan, who is 50, is a barrister practising in London and on the Northern circuit and was Nationalist member of Parliament for Sligo from 1909 till 1918. He was called to the Bar in 1912 and represented the National Sailors' and Firemen's Union at the inquiry into the loss of the White Star liner "Titanic" in that year.

Do You Stammer?

Do you stammer? If so, take steps at once to take a "cure!" Stammering has now been proved to be nothing more than a "bad habit," which breathing exercises and some special tuition can soon overcome. The Education Committee of the L.C.C. has already started a class for adult stammerers, which meets twice a week at the Hugh Myddelton Institute, Clerkenwell, E.C.1, where the fifteen or twenty students already enrolled are all making excellent progress. An evening class for lip reading for the adult deaf has also been started, at present attended by ten students of every age, class and type, who come from all over London. The fees are small, and the students, one of whom is an elderly man over sixty, already begin to read one another very well.

Blood Money.

Arrivals in Peshawar report the occurrence of an unfortunate incident at Kabul. The story commonly told is this: A brawl recently took place at the post office, in which an Italian engineer in Afghan employ took part. He was summoned to appear before the police authorities, but refused to attend. Orders were then issued for his arrest and a party of the police proceeded to the house occupied by him and two of his compatriots. They had to force an entrance and, as they broke in, the engineer shot one of them dead. He then barricaded the door, but finally gave himself up with his two companions. On the arrival of the Secretary of the Legation with the police, he was put on his trial and condemned to death in the two lower courts which dealt with the case, but the proceedings have still to be confirmed by a third and final court, and negotiations appear to be on foot for settlement by blood money, in accordance with the tribal custom. The Italian Colony are in a state of excitement, asserting that according to Italian ideas of justice, no proper opportunity has been given to their compatriot of conducting his defence, and a number of them have actually left Afghanistan.

Ex-Kaiser as Film Magnate.

The Berlin correspondent of the "Chicago Tribune" writes: The ex-Kaiser wants to become a film magnate. For the purpose of cleaning cinema pictures of "democratic dirt," and to restore respect for old-time Teutonic ideals, he has invested about £5,000, and has become the principal shareholder in a new German film company. The ex-Kaiser is becoming a film producer at the request of his son, the ex-Prince August Wilhelm, who has already an interest in the making of cinema pictures. He tried to interest his father in the film years ago, when a Hungarian producer offered to make similar pictures, the chief purpose of which was monarchist propaganda. The ex-Kaiser then refused, but the Prince helped to make the film entitled "Frederick Rex," which not only glorified Frederick the Great, but the Hohenzollerns in general. Now ex-Prince August has obtained not only his father's consent, but his money, and has founded a company called Uffia, whose first film, "Paradise," is now being produced. Propaganda in favour of the German ex-Royalties will be introduced. A second film is to be entitled "Oberon." The ex-Kaiser has offered to write the scenarios himself. Ex-Prince August will participate actively in the management. Several Hungarian operators and the German producer, Professor Reinert, have been engaged.

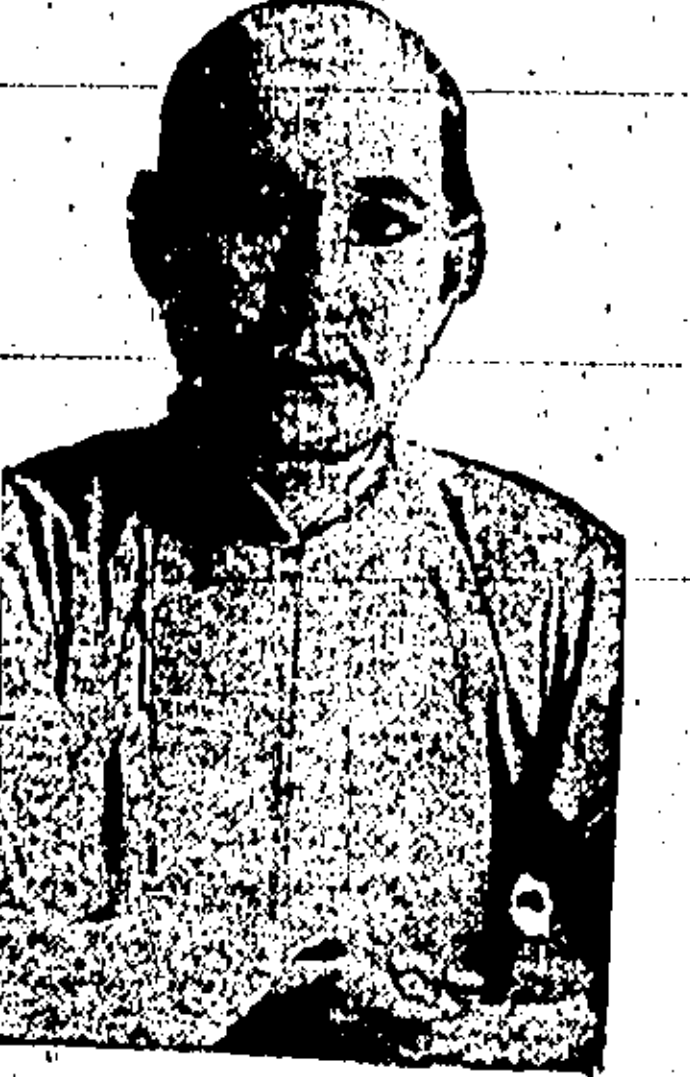
THE WRONG HORSE.

SUN YAT-SEN ON THE POWERS.

BLAMES THEM FOR CHINA'S TROUBLES.

Mr. G. C. Dixon, who is investigating conditions in the Far East on behalf of the Sydney "Sun," writes to that paper from Canton, as follows:—

Any lingering doubts about the condition of Dr. Sun Yat-sen were set at rest to-day. Gaining an interview with considerable difficulty—it was the first he has granted since the report of his death two months ago—I found him working in a building closely guarded by armed soldiers, and obtained from him an interesting and important statement regarding the present chaos in China and his hopes of winning through to unity and order.



Briefly, his view is that responsibility for the civil war between North and South, together with the prolonged orgy of unofficial killing and robbing that is bleeding China white, is to be laid directly at the door of the Powers. In supporting Peking, he says, the Powers are backing the wrong horse.

The report of his death, Dr. Sun Yat-sen explained, arose from his decision to rest in privacy for three days after his six-hours' speech-making on Labour Day (May 1). He might have added that the persistence of the rumour which annoyed him so much was due largely to his own obstinacy. Visiting journalists seeking proof were turned away with the curt announcement that "Dr. Sun Yat-sen does not feel called upon to prove to anyone that he is not dead."

SUBSIDISING MILITARISM.

Asked what prospect China had of escaping from the horrors of civil war and attaining orderly government, Dr. Sun Yat-sen replied that the answer largely rested with the Powers.

"The chief obstacle to the political unification of China," he said, "lies in the Foreign Powers' continued recognition of the Peking party. They imagine that the section in control of Peking must necessarily be accepted as the Government of China, regardless of the fact that Canton is an older and more historic city with a far larger commerce. Actually, Peking does not even speak for the north. The long-drawn-out duel between General Wu Pei-fu, whose headquarters are at Loyang, and General Chang Tso-lin, who controls Manchuria, is still going on, and the Peking Government is but another name for the Chihli party, of which Wu Pei-fu is the dominant figure. In accordance with international recognition to Peking, therefore, the Powers are merely backing Wu Pei-fu against other leaders and parties."

"The most sinister form of this backing takes in the handing to the Peking Government of all surplus revenues from the two principal sources of our national income—the Customs and the salt gabelle. In other words, the Powers are financially intervening in favour of Wu Pei-fu. And inasmuch as he has avowed his intention of crushing by force all other leaders and parties, and is now waging civil war in many provinces, it is no exaggeration to say that the Powers are subsidising his policy of aggression."

"As long as Wu Pei-fu receives this subsidy, he will persist in his mad scheme of subjugating all other provinces."

GUARD BABY'S HEALTH IN THE HEAT.

The hot months are the most dangerous to children. The complaints of this season, which are cholera, infantile colic, diarrhoea and dysentery, come on so quickly that often a little one is beyond aid before the mother realises he is ill. The mother must be on her guard to prevent these troubles, or if they do come on, to remedy them at once. No other medicine is so safe as to mothers during hot weather as Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian children's remedy. They regulate the stomach and bowels, cure indigestion, and constipation, relieve colic, check diarrhoea, they soothe inflamed throats and croup, banish worms, and are absolutely safe. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 20 cents the retail price from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 60 Elizabeth Street, New York. Mothers' greatest help and baby's friend are Baby's Own Tablets.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS.

China. "But let this subsidy be withheld by the withdrawal of recognition from Peking, and Wu Pei-fu and the Chihli party will come to their senses and realise that the permanent unification of China can be brought about only by agreement not by force."

SUPPORTING REACTION.

If their diplomats were to be believed, and the Powers were all working for the good of China, they were going the wrong way to work, Dr. Sun Yat-sen proceeded. "The strong party in China was not the reactionary party but the revolutionary party. That had been proved time and again."

"But this is not the first time that the Powers have backed the wrong horse," he added. "Before 1911 they were behind the Manchus, yet in spite of their support, we overthrew the dynasty. Now they are treating China exactly as they treated France a hundred years ago and Russia after the revolution. What business had they to send troops to Russia? Some day they will learn that there has been created in that country a force that all the Powers cannot crush; and it is the same with China. They say they want a liberal Government and a strong man; yet always they support the weaker man, the worse man and the principles of reaction."

I asked Dr. Sun Yat-sen whether he did not regret having resigned the Presidency in favour of Yuan Shih-kai. Sun Yat-sen, it will be remembered, was the first President of China, but made way for Yuan, who had himself elected Emperor and thus brought about the revolt of the south and the civil war that has been eating ever since at the country's heart.

"No," he replied; and he gave the hardly convincing reason that if China had achieved unity then the Powers would have found some pretext for waging war in the interests of foreign capital and the old Imperialistic ideas, from the effects of which China was still suffering.

THE POWERS' LITTLE JOKE.

"The world does not realise the extent to which we are under foreign domination," he complained. "China is a colony of the Great Powers without a colony's status or privileges. Under treaties concluded 70 years ago we have no jurisdiction over foreigners. Neither can we control our own finances. The Customs duties in this province of Kwangtung are collected by foreigners, mostly British; and after a deduction has been made to cover the cost of collection and to meet foreign debts, the surplus of 5,000,000 or 6,000,000 dollars goes not to us, but to Peking. They call it paying the consolidated internal debts of China, which, in plain language, means the money spent by the north in waging war against us. We actually have to support the armies that are attacking us."

"The position, it seems, is not without its humour," I commented. "Quite so," agreed Eugene Chen, the President's able private secretary, who had escorted me through the cordon of watchful guards. "But you can hardly expect us to regard it with quite the same detachment."

WAY TO UNITY.

I asked Dr. Sun Yat-sen what immediate prospect China had of ending the civil war, suppressing the bandits and pirates who infest the whole country, and attaining to sound constitutional government.

"Ask the Powers," he replied instantly. "Let them withdraw their official recognition and financial support from the Peking Government, and within two months Wu Pei-fu will have collapsed for want of money to pay his troops, and the way will be clear for a national reunion. So far as the people are concerned, unity presents no difficulty. Go into Peking, the enemy's stronghold, and you can see for yourself that the people are as one in their desire for the progressive Government that we stand for. Without the support of the foreigner the reactionaries could not hold Peking for six months."

"In such a conservative country as China, have you encountered much hostility to your European ideas and methods?" I asked. "Twenty years ago, yes," he replied. "But not now. Since the revolution of 1911 there has been an intellectual and moral revolution that amounts to nothing less than China's renaissance."

Dr. Sun Yat-sen concluded by expressing the hope that with the accession to power of new and progressive governments in Europe, the Powers would adopt a more liberal policy towards China. From the British Government, especially, more sympathetic treatment might be hoped for if only Mr. MacDonald had the time to go into Chinese affairs.

In their own interests, as well as ours, the Powers would be wise to mend their policy," he declared. "At present they are drifting towards war. The Balkan and Turkish questions are settled. Russia is re-establishing herself. China alone is in chaos. With so much wealth at stake, so many Powers interested, it will be strange if this is not the cockpit of the next world war."

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Mrs. HONDA

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G. FALCONER & CO. (HONGKONG) LTD

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DIAMOND MERCHANTS

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Agents for:—ADMIRALTY CHARTS,

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ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers.

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No. 112 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

INTIMATIONS.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of Fifty cents (50 cents) per share, on the Old Shares (Fully Paid) and Three cents (3 cents) per share on the New Shares (\$1.00 Paid) has been declared for the half year ending 30th June, 1924.

Such Interim Dividend will be payable on and after TUESDAY, the 23rd September at the Offices of the Company, where shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be closed from the 13th September, 1924 until the 23rd September, 1924 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 3rd September, 1924.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
LIMITED.

TICKETS will be issued for Round Trips during the months of July to September, from Hongkong to Foochow (Pagoda Anchorage) and return, calling at Swatow and Amoy on both the upward and downward Voyage, by the Company's new, fast, well appointed steamer "Hui Ning" at the reduced rate of \$80 for the round Voyage, including Meals while the steamer is in port.

These Special Tickets will be available for return only by this steamer, either by the Voyage for which it is issued or by her following sailing from Foochow. Duration of stay at Foochow 48 hours.

The Trip occupies 8 to 9 days and the steamer will leave Hongkong for the Company's Wharf at 5 p.m. arriving at daylight on her return (Weather permitting).

The Company's Steam Launch will convey passengers from Pagoda Anchorage to Foochow City, if required.

For further particulars and dates of sailing—
Apply to
DOUGLAS LARPAK & CO.
General Managers.
DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LD.
Hongkong, June 17, 1924.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

BY ORDER OF THE
ADMINISTRATOR

Valuable Leasehold Property Situate at and being No. 11, Hart Avenue, Kowloon, in the Colony of Hongkong.

To be Sold by Auction, Without Reserve, on FRIDAY, the 26th day of September, 1924, at 3 p.m., in One Lot

by
MR. A. G. DA ROCHA,
Auctioneer,
at his Auction Room at No. 21, D'Aguiar Street.

The Property Consists of—
All that piece or parcel of ground registered in the Land Office as Section D of Kowloon Island Lot No. 573 together with the messuage and premises thereon known as No. 11, Hart Avenue.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale may be obtained from
Messrs. WILKINSON & GRIST,
Solicitors,
No. 9, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong,

or from
MR. A. G. DA ROCHA,
The Auctioneer.

Also
On WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of September, 1924, at 2.30 p.m., by
MR. A. G. DA ROCHA,
at No. 11, Hart Avenue, Kowloon,
A Quantity of Household Furniture

Also
1 Baby Grand Piano by "Challen" in first class condition
1 Baby Grand Piano by Kammer & Co., in good condition.
1 Victor Gramophone and Records.
1 Drawing Room Suite.

Everything New!

New Shop, New Stock, New Prices. Suitable for your pocket.

All kinds of Indian and Chinese Silks, Shawls, Embroideries, etc., always in stock.

SIND SILK STORE

Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

TANG YUK DRESSING

14, D'Aguiar Street, Hongkong.

TERMS VERY MODERATE

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Every additional word 4 Cents
for 3 insertions.

TO LET.

TO LET—Two Godowns, or shops, in DUDELL STREET For Particulars apply to:—H. Rutonjee & Son, 16, Queen's Road.

FOR
FRENCH TUITION

Write to
G. MOUSSION,
c/o "China Mail" office.

INTIMATIONS

THE HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA
DOCK CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Share Register and Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 1st to 7th October 1924 (both days inclusive).

Warrants for the Interim Dividend can be obtained at the Office of the Company, 2, Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on or after the 8th prox.

By Order of the Board,
R. M. DYER,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 15th Sept., 1924.

NOTICE.

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD
STORAGE CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE TWENTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Company's Town Office, 2, Lower Albert Road, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, 4th day of OCTOBER, 1924, at Noon for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to 31st July, 1924.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from September 27th to 4th October, 1924, both days inclusive.

By Order,
M. MANUK,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 19th September, 1924.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Members will be held at the V.R.C. Club on FRIDAY, the 26th day of September, 1924, at 5.30 p.m., for the purpose of considering and passing the Annual Reports and Statement of Accounts for 1923 and of transacting all other business which ought to be transacted thereat.

R. C. WITCHELL,
Hon. Secretary.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

OWNERS are reminded that Entries for the FIFTH EXTRA RACE MEETING close on SATURDAY, 27th September, 1924, at Noon.

Hongkong, 22nd Sept., 1924.

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11A Peel Street

同生上等洋服店

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EXPERT FITTERS

HIGH CLASS TAILORING
SERVICE.

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ELECTRIC MASSAGE

31a, Wyndham St., 2nd Floor.

HEB HING & CO.

TAILORS.

30a, Pottinger Street.

Ladies and Gentlemen's Tailors, Drapers and Outfitters.

Suits made to order.

HEREDITY IN HEADS.

VARIATIONS IN MAN'S
MENTAL MOSAIC.

[By Professor H. J. Fleure]

The claims of phrenology may be said to be finally destroyed, and the work of the great brain specialists of our time—one of the most remarkable advances in science, under the leadership, among others, of Sir Charles Sherrington, F.R.S., O.M.—has not tended to make it possible for us to understand the brain from the outside as yet, save in a few details. But Elliot Smith, in his new book on the evolution of man, has put together many points that show us how, in the past history of mankind, the growth of the forehead, for example, has been connected with the increase of power of the higher faculties of the mind.

He has given us clues to the beginning of speech at the dawn of humanity, and also to its enormous step forward, probably into the realm of abstract names, when men of modern physical type began to appear. So we get indications that body and mind may be linked up, and the student of race can extend these hints by his observations, if he be wise enough to own his work is as yet very tentative.

HEADS AND CLOTHES.

It is an amusing occupation during a dull interval in a meeting to look round and see the kinds of people who are enthusiastic supporters of the Association for the Abolition of Income Tax, and to see the selection of types among those who gravitate to the executives of our public bodies. Even were all dressed exactly alike, there would be no difficulty in distinguishing between the men prominent at a congress of surgeons and those whose enthusiasm brings them to the fore in a religious revival. Their heads are different in shape in most cases and we soon grow out of the poorer idea that types may be scaled as better and worse, and into the richer one that different types are likely to be good for different things: that it takes many types to build up a strong form of human society.

Some years ago science was sorely puzzled to understand how in a population like ours, with free intermarriage, men could continue to be so diverse; but Mendel and his followers, and especially Thomas Hunt Morgan, have shed much light on this problem. We now understand that our bodies and the physical bases of our minds are mosaics, the individual pieces of which are passed on to our children whole rather than blended. The bits are often handed steadily on in groups, but sometimes the groups get broken up and strange results ensue. In any case, different groups of bits are handed on from the two parents, and sometimes these groups are hardly one another's helpmates in the youngsters' make-up.

THE WORKMAN'S TRAM.

We may all sympathize with Moliere's character who was sometimes like his mother and sometimes like his father, and so never could do very much for lack of decision as to which he was to be. This all warns us clearly not to make too sweeping statements; but we may, nevertheless, say some things with reasonable prospect that they will be increasingly confirmed when scientific observation has advanced far enough.

A journey on a workmen's tram in a factory area shows us how many Britishers are rather dark, long-faced, long-headed people, with stature rather under than over the average. If we hunt this type outside the factory areas, we find them in the remotest parts of the country-side either where there have been open moorlands from ancient times, or, in some cases, where forests and woods lasted down a few centuries ago. In the Chiltern Hundreds, the north part of the New Forest, Brandon Heath, the Pennines, Exmoor and the south-west, and most of all around the moorlands of Wales; these people are very numerous. In South Wales and the south-west they may be almost as dark, at times, as the people of Southern France or Spain; but elsewhere they often have grey eyes and hair of a moderately dark brown.

MENTAL CHARACTERS.

Here, then, is a group of physical characters that often go together. What of the mental characters that go with them? In this matter we have to face the difficulty that the manifestations we notice—the ability to do some special kind of work, for example—are very complicated things; we know little enough of the brain-characters from which they spring. Again, a lot will depend on opportunity and education, just as in the case of our garden crops so much depends on good manuring and weeding.

If we study this, the old and fundamental British type, we soon see that it has probably been in this country from early prehistoric times—until, ages before either Celt or Saxon was heard of. We may be fairly sure it lived on the open moorlands in the days before hard metal axes were available for

wholesale clearing of the wet forests that filled our valley-sides. With the centuries, it has gradually come down from the moorlands into the valleys for shelter and for soil. But its long tradition is that of rural poverty, and if the poverty be not too extreme, the type is seen at its best in forgotten corners among woods and hills.

THE WELSH.

Here we often notice its interest in singing, in oratory, in poetry, in religion: all channels of the soul's expression that do not require great possessions from those who follow them. In a Welsh hymn-singing, or a gathering of the bards, or in some old manor court that may still linger in the hill-country to settle questions of sheep pasturing in summer on the heights, folk of this type will be found.

They will know much of the virtues of herbs, and may practise medicine in a way the College of Physicians cannot recognize. Their skill in handicraft is likely to be small, save in simple matters. They will understand dairying, and may well be fairly good weavers of homespun, so that when their young people move off to the big towns to make a living, they often become milk-sellers and drapers, as every Londoner knows from the names over shops. They live rather poorly—partly from necessity and partly from a simple acquiescence in things as they find them; the village poacher is most often of another type. As a result, many of their young adults die of consumption, often after gastric troubles in childhood due to poor teeth and to a diet too often of stewed tea and bread and butter.

But if they can get food enough their wiry frames are strong enough and carry them through a great deal. It is this quality of theirs which has made it possible for modern industry to exploit them.

If we talked less against irresponsible multiplication of the "lower type," and modified industrial life to suit the people who do the work, we should soon see less of that perilous multiplication, and we might rescue ourselves from the envelope of materialism which is suffocating us.

INITIATIVE FOR GOOD OR ILL.

The tall, fair, strong-boned Nordic type will be found always seeking adventure, be it physical or mental; showing his initiative for good or for ill; too often prone to take to alcohol in excess if his opportunities of exercise and change are diminished. If he be on the heath he will often see to it that an unauthorised rabbit, pheasant, or salmon is added to the family fare. If he be caught in the wheels of industrialism, we may watch him struggle out, maybe, as a cab-driver—or, now, a chauffeur—apt to be charged with driving at excessive speed; or he may become the gamekeeper or other member of the retinue of the rich man.

The roundheads of England are less numerous than those of the Continent, where, around the Alps, we find their physical and mental type so well set forth in determined little Switzerland—that group of small democracies, where democracy is less chimerical than amongst us—and in the French peasantry of the centre, and the east, that make up their minds slowly but unmistakably, as we see from the recent election and from certain elections which marked critical phases in the clearing up of the Dreyfus case a generation ago. Their motto has usually been safety first, and they love insurance schemes rather than other more venturesome forms of gambling. Their patience has tamed forests, and created communities whose gods are their fields.

PAINSTAKING TOYMAKER.

The toymakers, with their infinite capacity for taking pains—which is yet not quite genius—are often of this type, and this form of skill in minute work has led them to achieve great success in the new electrical industry; another line of skill, of course the making of watches.

In Britain an interesting compound of this type and the Nordic is an important element, as he is also in Denmark and, in Holland. He often combines the patience of the Alpine with the initiative of the Nordic, and the former quality seems to soften down the Nordic uncouthness into more courteous strength. In a previous article he was referred to as the Beaker Man, from the association of his remains in ancient burials with pottery in the form of drinking-cups. He is noteworthy wherever intellectual leaders forgo, and in many a voluntary society he will be chairman of the executive.

The many resemblances one can find between our tall Nordic in Europe and the bony Rajput or Sikh in North India on the one hand, or between the peasants of the northern side of the Alps and the patient toilers of China, with their wonderful skill in handicraft, suggests that there is more than a matter of particular response to a particular environment in this case and that bodies and minds are linked up in ways it still remains for science to work out.

JEWELLERY

JADE & PRECIOUS STONES

Also A Fine Selection OF

Rings, Pendants and Cuff Links

(British make.)

obtainable at

SHERIFF BROTHERS.

69, Queen's Rd., Ctl.

HIGH CLASS BOOTS AND SHOES

Made to order. ROYAL & CO.

No. 1, D'Aguiar Street.

CHANNEL ISLANDS.

BITS OF FRANCE

FALLEN OFF.

H.V. writing in "John O' London's Weekly," thus writes of Jersey and its neighbour islands: Victor Hugo has described the Channel Islands as "bits of France fallen into the sea and gathered up by England," though the inhabitants are by no means French. Most of them are of Norman or early Briton descent, but the charm of the islands lies in the fact that "they remain picturesque survivals in language, laws, and nationality of peoples that have elsewhere become extinct, or been merged into other races," as Miss Blanche Elliott says in her delightful book, "Jersey" (Fisher Unwin, 10s. 6d.). It is certainly true that the Channel Islands possess an Alice-in-Wonderland oddity and fascination to be found nowhere else in the world, and a holiday in charming surroundings is full of rarity and joy.

CURIOUS OLD CUSTOMS.

Jersey especially clings to her old time habits and customs, the origins of which are unknown to the simple islanders. They are said to have pleaded to itinerant justices in the Middle Ages that they were not governed by Norman laws, but had certain customs and usages from a time of which no memory exists. The most picturesque of these ancient customs is the Clameur de Haro, which is still effective in cases of real estate, when the appellant calls out in front of witnesses that he is being wronged (*Haro! Haro! oh mon roi, j'en me fais tort*) and the case must immediately come before the Royal Court.

Another of these grand old customs is connected with the roads and lanes which stretch some three or four hundred miles over the miraculous island. According to Miss Elliott, "each Parish has its Road Committee over which the Constable presides, and in the late spring they drive round the roads armed with a ten-foot pole. Should any projecting branches or growth of foliage come within the prescribed limit and touch the pole, the householders on whose property it grows, or is bordered by the road, is called upon to pay a small fine. This custom largely explains the reason for the picturesque appearance of the lanes, for the hedges are neatly trimmed up to the given

height of 10, or 12 feet, and then grow freely above it, often to meet and interlace overhead, forming a leafy roof."

A GORGEOUS ISLAND.

Jersey is a gorgeous island, with majestic rocky scenery and exquisitely beautiful miniature bays lapped by the bluest of waters. The dark-brown rocks are invariably crowned by a tower or fort, an eloquent testimony to the turbulent history of ancient days and wars and chivalry. To realize the real charm of Jersey, however, the traveller must leave the highways and follow the quaint lanes which meander past quiet farm houses with ruined walls and ivy-covered Norman arches, through peaceful valleys, and over lonely hillsides and wild heather-crowned cliffs. For a comparatively small island, Jersey gives a wonderful impression of aloofness, almost of inaccessibility. The winding lanes lead the wanderer to believe that he has travelled for leagues and leagues among sloping hills and wooded valleys with houses tucked away in unexpected corners. Many of the houses have the initials of the owners engraved on the stone porches, with a pair of hearts entwined in the centre of the engravings.

The inhabitants are incredibly hospitable and polite, braw men and strangely charming women in quaint black sun-bonnets. They were, all such inveterate knitters in the Middle Ages that the Royal Court issued an ordinance in 1606 that none should knit during harvest, or *oraison* (seaweed) cutting on pain of imprisonment in the Castle of Breteuil and water. But knitting became too profitable an occupation to be neglected even by the sturdiest men, and the jerseys of Master John de la Roche, the last of the Jersey lords, are ever delicate islands of Jersey.

ROMANTIC SCAPE.

Of the other Channel Islands, Sark is undoubtedly the most romantic, with its area of 100 square miles, encircled by more than forty miles of coastline. The Selkneur has much the same power to-day, in his little domain, as an English squire exercised over his property two centuries ago—absolute authority. He is a father to his people, who do very little without asking his advice, even to getting married; when his privilege of kissing the bride is still maintained. Perhaps the best-known feature of Sark is the mysterious caves which indent the rocky coastline, but the deep lakes and wild coves, the picturesque cottages with their red-tiled roofs covered with thatches of broom and bracken, above all the wonderful views to be obtained of the other mystic islands, all combine to make a paradise which has not yet begun to suffer from the attention of tourist vandals.

GUERNSEY'S ATTRACTIONS.

Guernsey is the second largest of the islands, and a truly wonderful holiday resort, as it provides amusements suited to every taste. For the energetic, there are plenty of thrills to be obtained in scrambling around the rocky coast, climbing the lofty cliffs and green slopes which sometimes drop suddenly away into sheer depths, constantly encountering new vistas of tumbling green waters and bracken-clad hills; for the more peaceful there are lazy afternoons spent in listening to the silences of Nature from the gently sloping hillsides, the drooping of the beech, the high, interminable song of the crickets, the shrill, piercing cry of the sea-mews as they circle and wheel over the green depths; for children there are all the delights of broad expanses of yellow sands, with mysterious pools nestling at the foot of isolated rocks; in spring time the island is a veritable paradise, with carpets of flowers spreading over the entire cliffs and creamy whiteness of daises, showing up vividly against the azure of the deepest blue of the sea, while the "Rock of the Ancients" and "Cannon Point" are brilliant borders in the background.

Crippled
by Corns?

Use "Gets-It"

The only good corn is a dead corn. A few drops of "Gets-It" will quickly start any corn.

It is a common complaint, especially among the elderly, to have corns on the feet. These are caused by the pressure of the shoe on the foot, and the friction of the shoe on the foot. The corns are usually found on the toes, but they may also be found on the balls of the feet. They are very painful, and they may become infected. The best way to get rid of them is to use "Gets-It".

"Gets-It" is a powerful antiseptic and disinfectant. It kills the bacteria that cause the corns, and it also kills the corn itself. It is very easy to use, and it is very effective. It is the only corn cure that is guaranteed to work.

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CLEANLINESS-HANDINESS-ECONOMY.

MAKE YOUR SELECTION FROM OUR RANGE OF

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KETTLES, TOAST RACKS, IRONS STOVES, ETC.

THE SINCERE CO., LTD.

AT THE

BRITISH EMPIRE EXHIBITION

Tasted, Approved and Ordered

Ginger, Manufactured by

M. Y. SAN & CO., LTD.

THIS FAMOUS "BEE" BRAND GINGER IS MOST

RELIABLE FOR BOLD GOOD COLOUR, AND FUR-

THERMORE IS MELLOW AND WELL PRESERVED.

For warm weather there is

nothing like a

PALM BEACH SUIT

The mark of the genuine

At all good tailors

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It seems that an old woman living near the Yung Ting Ho had been troubled with a malady for which even the doctors could find no remedy. In desperation her daughter returned home and cutting a piece of her flesh from her left thigh put it in the medicine. To the surprise of every one the sick woman recovered the next day.

SURVIVAL OF THE FITTEST.

HOW LONG WILL INTERNECINE STRIFE IN CHINA LAST NOW THAT LEADING WAR-LORDS ARE AT GRIPS?

HAS THE DICTATOR BEEN FOUND?

(By Gai Ming for the China Mail.)

What is to be the outcome of it all? Will the war bring about the re-union of China under one recognised government? Is a permanent peace to be the logical outcome of this suicidal internecine strife that is rapidly spreading in the Flowery Republic?

These are but a few of the pertinent questions which thinking non-Chinese, interested in the vast country of China, are asking with talk of war, and more war, and foreign intervention, in the air.

Of course, there will be some juniors will squabble as to the spoils as represented in the marking out of territory for future rule and, necessarily, self-aggrandisement.

Mukden's War-Lord. Looming very largely in the picture is Marshal Chang Tso-lin, the autocratic ruler of Manchuria who is separated from Peking by natural and artificial barriers. If the Mukden warlord was content to be the uncrowned king of Manchuria there is no telling what strength will be required to remove him as he is so fully entrenched behind the barriers referred to. Chang probably feels that what he has accomplished in Manchuria can be extended to China Proper, or again, he may not be at ease with regard to the expanding force of Tsao Kun and Wu Pei-fu. Further, he is smarting under a defeat inflicted not so long ago when he ventured across the border.

Chang An Opportunist. Man for man, to use a personal figure of speech, Chang is a match for Wu but the latter is content to rest on his laurels and to await an opportunity for uniting China Proper before tackling Manchuria. It would not suit Chang's purpose to wait till Wu Pei-fu, or Tsao Kun, had united China as he would then have to fight a still stronger foe and it is this reason which has brought about his entry into the war on the side of Lu Yung-hsiang, the anti-Peking Tuli of Chekiang. With a portion of the Chihli party's forces engaged in Central China, Chang Tso-lin would have his best chance of victory in a campaign with his great rivals. But let it be a fight to the finish.

Sun's Minor Part. Dr. Sun Yat-sen, with his greatly diminished influence, only constitutes a very small factor. Retained in power by mercenaries from far-off Yunnan and Honan, he cannot strike at even the province of Kiangsi which borders the North of Kwangtung and Chan Kwing-ming, professedly a subordinate of Peking, is ever a thorn in his side. Allegedly Dr. Sun is the staunch ally of both Chang Tso-lin and Lu Yung-hsiang but military aid from one to the other seems beyond the realm of practical politics just now.

Fight To A Finish? From the foregoing, everything points to a final struggle between Wu Pei-fu and Chang Tso-lin, although the former may have to wait a while before he can completely subjugate the eighteen provinces of China Proper. With the tremendous surplus of troops and the almost irreconcilable differences between the two warlords there is a possibility of the present war being fought to a definite conclusion with either one or the other crushed.

For the present, it would be unwise to discredit the zealous promises of both to do all they can for the country. Whoever wins and whatever form of government China takes, it should be assumed that the eventual victor will strive for a lasting peace as it will be to the winner's interests to have peace—that fitting quality which everybody is assured is all that is needed to bring prosperity to the Chung Hua Min Kuo.

Man Of The Hour.

To Europeans and Americans, Wu Pei-fu appeals more than his chief as the man of the hour. However, that may be, Wu's direct sphere of influence only extends over three or four of the provinces nearer Peking. Marshal Chi Hsieh-yuan rules several further south. At present he is one of the staunchest adherents of Tsao Kun and Wu but, if history repeats itself, the day may come when he feels his strength and then wishes to see himself as chief executive. His loyalty to Peking is now ensured by his anxiety for neutrality, if not actual help, from neighbouring provinces owing allegiance to the Central Government. Until Chekiang is crushed he will declare to the world that he is merely carrying out a mandate from Peking and that he is not warring to gain possession of Shanghai which, by the way, is in his own territory but has been made a sort of buffer state by General Lu Yung-hsiang, the ruler of Chekiang.

Squabble For Spoils.

In the latest cables from Shanghai will be found an instance of what may be expected in Chinese politics. To urge his lieutenants in their offensive on Chekiang, Chi has promised the military governorship of that wealthy province to at least half a dozen men, one of whom—General Sun Chuan-fang who attacked from the South and brought about a coup—has already been reported as engaged in a race on the capital. Presuming that Kiangsu wins the Central China war and their star is in the ascendant as Chekiang is hemmed in, it seems quite likely that the

took defendant near the door of

and said, "I am an Import and

Export man, you stop here, I want

to search you." Defendant replied:

"No wunchi bobby, bye and

bye have plenty men see, I take

Hongkong Police Station." Witness

said, "You take my office, see

Inspector Lanigan." Witness took

defendant to Revenue Inspector, R.

Lanigan's office, where they awaited

the Inspector's return, when witness

reported the matter.

Inspector Lanigan stated that

he searched defendant in presence

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five parcels containing arms and

ammunition concealed under the

man's vest, near his waist.

On being asked where he got the

arms from, defendant replied that

the chief Chinese butcher handed

him the arms to take aboard a boat

from Hongkong, where the same

MAJOR ZANNI.

DEPARTURE IS AGAIN DELAYED.

AWAITING CHINA NEWS.

When the "China Mail" inquired this morning it was learned that Major Zanni, the Argentinian, would start on his next stage—to Foochow—between ten and eleven this morning. Subsequently information was given that the aviator was desirous of leaving not later than this afternoon, as announced by him on his arrival yesterday, but that his departure would be governed by a telegram expected from the Consul for Argentina in Shanghai. It is conjectured that Zanni is seeking information regarding political conditions in North China before going there. His statement to local pressmen, when interviewed yesterday, throws further light on the prospects.

Major Zanni and his mechanic, Felipe Beltrame, stayed last night at No. 3, Minden-Villas, Moody Road, Kowloon, where he was the guest of Mr. Elodorou Rouillon, Consul in Hongkong for Peru.

Shortly after eleven this morning, we were informed by the Asiatic Petroleum Co. that Major Zanni was not leaving to-day. His departure depended on what sort of instructions he got from Shanghai, on account of his having to fly over the war zone.

Major Zanni's spare-parts are in Shanghai and it is necessary that he call there, if for no other reason.

Mechanic At Work.

Shortly after seven o'clock this morning, Felipe Beltrame, the mechanic of Major Zanni, was at work on the machine at its mooring place in Laichikok bay. He had brought his little bundle containing his sole personal requirements for the trip and was fully expecting to make a start in a few hours.

While he worked, A.P.C. men were busy passing cans of oil fuel from hand to hand and in spite of the difficulty of getting them on to the top plane in which was the filling cap, according to the rather peculiar construction of the machine, everything was completed well before eleven.

According to the arrangements made between Major Zanni and the A.P.C. at their offices last night through the interpretation of the Peruvian and Mexican Consuls the men were to start off at the latest by eleven o'clock in order that there should be no chance of their getting stranded in the dark before reaching Foochow.

The mechanic and the A.P.C. representative with him waited patiently for the return of the launch which had been despatched for Zanni but it was well past eleven o'clock before they received a message that he had definitely decided not to leave Hongkong to-day. On the return of the launch Felipe Beltrame, therefore, returned to Kowloon.

Enquiries at the local offices of the A.P.C. elicited the information that both they and Major Zanni had received message this morning from the A.P.C. at Shanghai and the Argentinian Consul that it would be inadvisable for Major Zanni to continue his flight until advised from Shanghai. More definite information will follow, but it is believed that difficulty is being found in getting permission for Major Zanni to land.

To Remain Here.

As Major Zanni considered that there was little to be gained in going on to Foochow and waiting there until difficulties at Shanghai were smoothed over, he decided to stop at Hongkong at any rate for the present and he was strengthened in this determination by the very strong wind that was blowing this morning.

When Major Zanni does leave for Foochow he anticipated that given good conditions, he should reach there in five hours. He will land near the A.P.C. installation seven miles out of the town.

It should be mentioned that Major Zanni was given an informal reception yesterday at the Hongkong Club.

Major Zanni paid a visit to his machine this morning and is satisfied that it is in perfect condition.

Arrival yesterday.

At 9.15 yesterday afternoon, Zanni's Tokkor biplane, fitted with Napier engine of 450 h.p., and its two floats could be made out against the skyline somewhere to the back of Hongkong Island. It was seen to come up between Green Island and the barren island, a little further outside, which, years ago was reputed to belong to Mr. P. W. Goldring, a local solicitor.

On coming abreast of the Harbour entrance Zanni turned towards the central part of Victoria and he was both seen and heard by many in the city. Nearing Wan-chi, he turned abruptly across the harbour, over the Kowloon Peninsula, and passed almost directly over the smoke stack issuing from the Dairy Farm Co.'s Laichikok premises. Proceeding very low he went over towards Gaudin's Bay from whence he again turned and

WAR IN CHINA.

QUIET WEEK-END REPORTED ON LINE BETWEEN HUANGTU AND LIUHO.

CHEKIANG HOLDING POSITIONS.

Alleged Far-Seeing Move Of Marshal Lu Yung-hsiang.

Latest cables to hand report a lull in the fighting near Shanghai, with the Shantung troops of the Chekiang leader still holding their positions. Marshal Lu is reported to intend to fall back within 2 miles of Shanghai so as to force his opponents to drop shells into the Settlements, thus calling for foreign intervention. The story seems rather too highly coloured to be true.

In the North, the troops of Wu Pei-fu (Peking) and Chang Tso-lin (Mukden) have already had one or two minor engagements and a big fight is expected in a few days.

Quiet Week-End

(Reuter's Service.)

SHANGHAI, September 23.—There has been hardly any fighting during the week-end on the Huangtu-Liuho front.

Marshal Lu Yung-hsiang's decision to hold on is obviously in order to assist Chang Tso-lin, by engaging as long as possible fairly large forces, which, otherwise, would be employed by Wu Pei-fu in the North.

Marshal Lu has shortened his front to 30 miles, which is held by 35,000 Shantung troops all believed to be loyal to him.

A Strange Yarn.

Lu is credited with the intention of ultimately falling back on positions two miles from the boundaries of the foreign Settlements at Shanghai.

This would almost certainly mean that some of the Kiangsu shells would fall inside the boundaries and insure—so Lu is said to calculate—foreign intervention not unfavourable to himself.

However, the result of this week's fighting may secure a quick decision for the Kiangsu leaders, who, in the past four days, have been bringing up further reinforcements—especially guns—to the front.

Peking Reports Victory.

(Reuter's Service.)

PEKING, September 22.—According to independent reports from Shanhaikuan the government troops on the 21st came into contact with the Fengtien advance guards. The latter retreated, the former following up suffered some casualties from land mines and later came into touch with the main Fengtien advanced force at Wanchiatun where artillery fire was exchanged until midnight.

The "Hsiao-pao" reports that Li Ching-li's tenth Fengtien brigade attacked the government troops in the region of Chaoyang on the 20th but were repulsed and driven back several miles.

Government preparations are continuing on a large scale which will require considerable time to develop in London.

LONDON, September 22.

The "Daily Telegraph" commenting on events in China, says that if the dispute continues the position of the European Legations in Peking will soon become a matter for daily speculation, which ought not to be tolerated. This is a question of far more than nice estimates. The movement of Kiangsu troops on Shanghai should decide the action of the British Government presently.

Opinion in France.

PARIS, September 22.—"L'Echo de Paris" hopes that whatever may be the issue of the civil war in China it will be prompt, so that Japan and America may be confronted with a fait accompli and all thought of intervention on their part be removed.

glided gracefully into the water, taxiing up wind, for about 50 yards. The plane was towed and tied up to its buoy before 4 o'clock.

After receiving the congratulations of those on board the A. P. C. launch "Gretchen", the aviators were interviewed by pressmen, in the course of which Major Zanni described his flight from Hanoi.

As there is no Argentinian consular representative in Hongkong, the Peruvian Consul was there to welcome the birdman and the interview was made possible by Mr. S. Bernstein, a friend of the Consul, kindly acting as interpreter.

Zanni left Hanoi at 8.40 a.m. As he stopped at 3.25 p.m. he was less than seven hours in doing the 700 miles or so. He had a pleasant journey with good visibility, flying between 500 and 1,000 metres, until he met a gusty wind near Hongkong. Our surrounding hills obstructed his view and he found his position over Lantau Island by reference to charts with which he had been furnished. He flew over the city and had no difficulty in finding the landing place. After saying that he had found his new machine highly satisfactory, Major Zanni expressed

H.K.V.D.C.

SCOTTISH COMPANY.

A Pool Shoot was held on Monday, at the Miniature Range of the Defence Corps. Over 24 members of the Scottish Company competed for a silver cigarette case presented by Mr. A. K. Henderson. The winner was Pte. Guthrie with a score of 80 Sgt. Smyth, B. Henderson third with 24. This is the first of many of these competitions which will be held during the season. They afford excellent practice for aiming and quickness in handling of arms.

the hope that he would be able to leave to-day. In view of the trouble D'Oro had when flying over North China, a question was put to Zanni as to his plans. He said that he would decide when he heard from the Consul in Shanghai, but, unless he was prevented by the Chinese Government, he would proceed regardless of the conditions. Zanni smilingly declined to discuss the prospects of success in his adventure.

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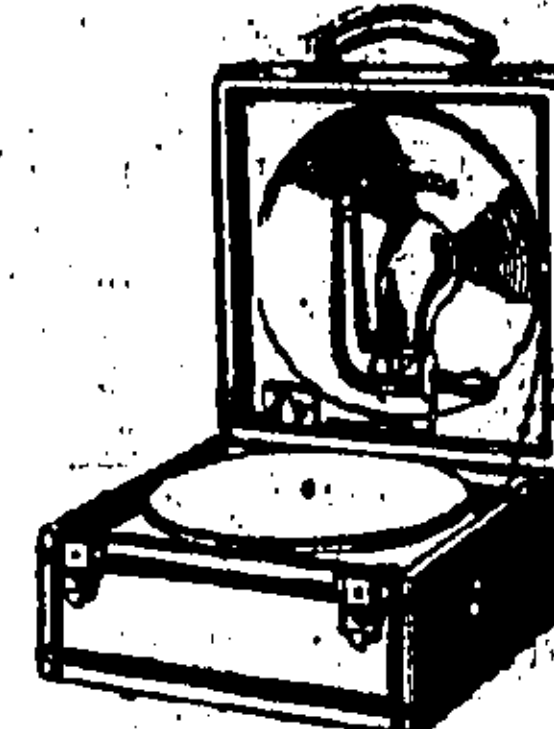
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ARMS' POSSESSION.

EUROPEAN CHARGED.

CASE REMANDED.

Before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, William Earl Hastings, Quartermaster of S.S. "President McKinley," lying alongside Kowloon Wharf, was charged with being in unlawful possession of one Luger pistol, one Smith and Wesson revolver and 824 rounds of ammunition yesterday, without a permit from the Captain Superintendent of Police. Defendant was remanded in Police custody until 9.30 a.m. to-morrow.

Kwok Kai, Revenue Officer No. 1, stated that at 10.00 a.m. yesterday, he was on duty at the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co. He saw defendant walking from No. 1 pier towards the Kowloon Godown Co. He followed him and

took defendant near the door of No. 17 godown. He stopped him and said, "I am an Import and Export man, you stop here, I want to search you." Defendant replied: "No wunchi bobby, bye and bye have plenty men see, I take Hongkong Police Station." Witness said, "You take my office, see Inspector Lanigan." Witness took defendant to Revenue Inspector, R. Lanigan's office, where they awaited the Inspector's return, when witness reported the matter.

Inspector Lanigan stated that he searched defendant in presence of the previous witness and found five parcels containing arms and ammunition concealed under the man's vest, near his waist.

On being asked where he got the arms from, defendant replied that the chief Chinese butcher handed him the arms to take aboard a boat from Hongkong, where the same butcher would meet him. Police twice went on board the "President McKinley" later to find the butcher, but did not succeed.

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SPECIAL NOTICE

S.S. "BOI AN" sailings on 25th & 28th instant cancelled

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S.S. "ROMANINA"	Sails about 30th November
S.S. "VENETIA"	Sails about 23rd December
S.S. "VENEZIA"	Sails about 30th December

HOMEWARD FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE.

S.S. "LACONIA"	Sails about 4th October
S.S. "FIUME"	Sails about 6th October
S.S. "GERANIA"	Sails about 6th November
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RIO DE JANEIRO MARU ... Monday, 29th Oct.
MEXICO MARU ... Wednesday, 22nd Oct.
CHICAGO MARU ... Wednesday, 22nd Oct.
TUESDAY—Via Singapore, Colombo, Suez and Port Said.
AMSTERDAM MARU ... Sunday, 24th Oct.
BARCELONA—Via Saigon and Singapore.
KIBU MARU ... Thursday, 2nd Oct.
CALCUTTA—Via Singapore, Penang and Bangkok.
HAMBURG MARU ... Friday, 26th Sept.
HAGUE MARU ... Sunday, 29th Oct.
VICTORIA MARU ... Thursday, 26th Sept.
ARABIA MARU ... Thursday, 26th Sept.
NEW YORK—Via Japan ports, San Francisco and Panama.
ALASKA MARU (from Kobe) ... Wednesday, 15th Oct.
JAPAN PORTS
ARABIA MARU ... Thursday, 25th Sept.
ALPS MARU ... Monday, 29th Oct.
ANDER MARU ... Tuesday, 7th Oct.
KAILUNG VIA SHANGHAI & AMOY.
KAILUO MARU ... Sunday, 28th Sept. at 2 p.m.
KAILUO MARU ... Sunday, 28th Sept. at 2 p.m.
KAILUO MARU ... Thursday, 25th Sept. at 10 a.m.
TAKAO VIA SHANGHAI & AMOY.
SOURABAYA MARU ... Friday, 26th Sept.
N.B. Please take utmost care especially on sailing dates in future.
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NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

SWATOW.

Sept. 23.	I.O.S.N.	Yungang
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S. S.	Tons	From	Destination
"BOUDAN"	6,699	1st Oct.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KASHMIR"	6,699	4th Oct.	Marselles, Casablanca, London
"MORRA"	10,911	15th Oct.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
"TISHAWUN"	6,813	22nd Oct.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
"KASHGAR"	6,840	1st Nov.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
"MALWA"	10,941	15th Nov.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
"KASHMIR"	6,699	22nd Nov.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KASHMIR"	6,699	29th Nov.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
"KASHMIR"	6,699	6th Dec.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KASHMIR"	6,699	13th Dec.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
"KASHMIR"	6,699	20th Dec.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KASHMIR"	6,699	27th Dec.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
"KASHMIR"	6,699	3rd Jan.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KASHMIR"	6,699	10th Jan.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
"KASHMIR"	6,699	17th Jan.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KASHMIR"	6,699	24th Jan.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
"KASHMIR"	6,699	31st Jan.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KASHMIR"	6,699	7th Feb.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
"KASHMIR"	6,699	14th Feb.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KASHMIR"	6,699	21st Feb.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
"KASHMIR"	6,699	28th Feb.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KASHMIR"	6,699	5th Mar.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
"KASHMIR"	6,699	12th Mar.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KASHMIR"	6,699	19th Mar.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
"KASHMIR"	6,699	26th Mar.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & B'way
"KASHMIR"	6,699	2nd Apr.	Marselles, London & Antwerp

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS (South)			
S. S.	Tons	From	Destination
"TAKARA"	6,699	3rd Oct.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TAKARA"	6,699	10th Oct.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TAKARA"	6,699	17th Oct.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TAKARA"	6,699	24th Oct.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)			
S. S.	Tons	From	Destination
"ARAFURA"	6,699	1st Oct.	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	29th Oct.	Island, Cairns, Townsville
"EASTERN"	4,500	26th Nov.	Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne

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The P. & O. Branch Service of steamers to London via the Cape.
The New Zealand Shipping Company's steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN			
S. S.	Tons	From	Destination
"KASHGAR"	6,840	3rd Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	10th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MALWA"	10,941	17th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"TAKARA"	6,699	24th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MALWA"	10,941	31st Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"TAKARA"	6,699	7th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MALWA"	10,941	14th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
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"TAKARA"	6,699	2nd Jan.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MALWA"	10,941	9th Jan.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"TAKARA"	6,699	16th Jan.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MALWA"	10,941	23rd Jan.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"TAKARA"	6,699	30th Jan.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MALWA"	10,941	6th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"TAKARA"	6,699	13th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MALWA"	10,941	20th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"TAKARA"	6,699	27th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MALWA"	10,941	6th Mar.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"TAKARA"	6,699	13th Mar.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MALWA"	10,941	20th Mar.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"TAKARA"	6,699	27th Mar.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MALWA"	10,941	3rd Apr.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.
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S. S.	From	To
"West Nigger"	Sept. 29th	Oct. 1st
"West Nigger"	Oct. 1st	Oct. 3rd
"Dewey"	Oct. 3rd	Oct. 5th

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S. S.	From	To
"O. LOPEZ Y LOPEZ"	20th October	21st December
"O. LOPEZ Y LOPEZ"	21st October	22nd December

For SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
S.S. "O. LOPEZ Y LOPEZ" 15th October
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GIRLHOOD.

EAST AND WEST
CONTRASTED.

Her Highness the Rance of Sarawak contributed the following to a recent issue of the "Sunday Express":

"Far away in Sarawak in an 'atap' roofed house on the borders of the Kuching River there lives a little Malay girl. Beautiful she is as a lotus flower, with a perfect oval face, drooping lips, and shy eyes that gaze like a wondering faun from between her shadowed veil. She is a Datus daughter—a fruit that has ripened early beneath the tropical sun. Her age, twelve, maybe, and yet she has been promised in marriage to a man three times that age or more.

When I saw this little bride-to-be receiving so demurely and so gently the congratulations of the "Kambong," I could not help comparing her with our English girls of twelve. Children still, romping, running, hatless, and joyous, with no thoughts in their minds but games and fun and laughter. Yet here was this child, powdered, scented, bracelets on her wrists, golden necklaces about her throat, a veil upon her thickly-brided hair. Grown up. In a few days to be a wife. In a year perhaps a mother.

That is the biggest difference I have seen in Sarawak. Their children compared to ours. My first instinct was to interfere with this marriage that seemed to me so unjust, but it was inevitable, it was the custom of the country. That was six years ago. When I was in Sarawak the other day I saw the girl again—the same perfect face, the same eyes, only less wonderful now. Patient, gentle eyes—with no animation in their depths. There were many children clinging to her "sarong" and a baby in her arms. Her own youth had gone from her. She was old at the age of eighteen.

THE CONTRAST.
At eighteen an English girl stands on the threshold of life. She is at the beginning of that mild chase for happiness and fun. Our little Malay girl's life is lived. Her fun, if ever she had any, has vanished.

I think of our English toyshops, laden with such wonderful things that we as grown-ups, cannot pass their windows without wishing we were young again. In Sarawak these babies do not play with toys. I have seen them sometimes spin a top, or fly a kite, but they draw their amusement out of nature. A flooded road is a delight to them. They bathe in the deep ditches. They run races, wrestle, and the boys play some gambling game not unlike our "pitch-and-toss." But, dolls, why they have none. It seems so strange not to see them playing. A dreamy, delicious country without games.

AN AWKWARD QUESTION.
The Malay chief does not care for his children. They do not bring pride upon his house unless he can make a successful bargain of their marriages. I remember years ago, when my knowledge of the Malay language was extremely small, a woman asked me if I had a "gambur." Now I know that their stock question to me was always to ask if I had a son, and so I took it for granted that that was what she meant, and replied promptly that I had not. "Oh," she answered, "You have not, but the Rajah has."

I went home thinking to myself that the time for broad-minded acceptance of facts out East had arrived. It was several days before I asked the Rajah what a "gambur" was, and was informed it was a gambler!

There has been a great outcry against the modern English girl. But since I have seen these child wives, these child mothers serious and old before they are twenty, I have come to the conclusion that what matters terribly is Youth. If you lose that, or if maybe it passes you by without your making the most of it, it is the saddest thing on earth. Perhaps our English girls are a little crude, a little hard upon the surface. But, right deep down the eternal mother is there in every single female thing.

When you come to think of it how short a time there is for a girl to have fun in. First she is a baby running about inconsequent and happy playing with a ball. Then education comes along and tames

TO NAVIGATORS.
CHANGES ON YANGTSE.
SHIPPING OF BUOYS.

Mr. B. H. Gowing, acting Coast Inspector, Shanghai, has issued the following warnings to navigators:

Referring to Special Notice to Mariners No. 708, notice is hereby given that the following buoys marking the Tsungming Crossing, North Channel Entrance to the Yangtze River, have been moved:

Crossing Light-buoy has been moved and its colour changed from black to red. From the new position of the buoy, Middle Island Beacon bears S. 12½° E., distant 3.47 miles. This buoy marks the northern side of the channel.

Shoal Light-buoy has been moved and its colour from black to red. From the new position of the buoy, Woosung Lighthouse bears S. 14½° W., distant 5.88 miles. This buoy marks the northern side of the channel.

All bearings given are magnetic. Tugboat Crossing.

Notice is hereby given that East Buoy, Tugboat Crossing, has been moved. From the new position of the buoy, Langshan Pagoda bears S. 52¼° E., magnetic, distant 3.9 miles.

This buoy, as heretofore, marks the southern side of the eastern end of the crossing.

This channel is in a state of change and should be navigated with caution.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

RUBBER RESTRICTION.

WHO REAPS MOST BENEFIT?

(Reuter's Service.)

LONDON, September 22.

Discussing rubber restriction, the Times contends that the benefit of the higher price following the improved statistical position at the present time goes largely to the non-restricting producer, while the restricting companies' costs rise as production decreases. The rise in some cases is appreciably greater than the increase in price obtained while the Dutch Indies and other outside producers have been enabled to sell increasing crops at higher prices, at the same time effecting reductions in costs. The real issue between the restrictionists and the anti-restrictionists is whether the advantage to restricting producers in the long run will be commensurate with the sacrifices made.

Claiming that the rubber export restriction scheme in Malaya and Ceylon has amply justified itself, the financial edition of the "Times" says that the persistent campaign to wreck the restriction is beginning to be regarded with something more than mere suspicion.

Certain large American consumers are known to be desirous of acquiring a substantial stake in rubber production—in British Malaya and Ceylon and elsewhere. They are aware that if rubber can be brought well below a shilling, large areas will inevitably fall into their hands at practically their own price. This can only be achieved by wrecking restriction but there is not a ghost of a chance of this childishly transparent campaign succeeding.

A warning of what is expected from the Socialist Government by some of its supporters is contained in the following proposals on home policy:

Abandonment of the policy of compelling local authorities to employ 75 per cent. of ex-Service men on road schemes.

Landowners to be compelled to pay the full economic rent into the national exchequer.

The total abolition of all hereditary rights.

The automatic naturalisation of all aliens who have lived in this country for 10 years.

Nationalisation of the land, railways, mines, banking, and the liquor traffic.

Before Mr. R. E. Lindell at the Central Magistracy, this morning, Leung Kau-sui, was charged with the theft of \$152.80 from the person of a Chinese sheriff at Queen's Road, West, yesterday.

Another not in custody, is alleged to have been his accomplice. Leung was sentenced to four months' hard labour. A Chinese district watchman saw defendant carrying a black sack, being chased by complainant at Queen's Road, West. He joined the chase for a short distance, when defendant dropped the bag as he fell. The watchman arrested the man.

her. She is flung into a school perhaps with hundreds of her kind, and they are all turned out one by one as exactly alike in thought and action: that if their faces did not vary a mother would hardly recognise her own child. Then to France to what is called a finishing school. Finished indeed are they as far as naturalness and innocence are concerned. And then, what is called the emancipation of our modern girl begins.

But is it entirely emancipation? Is it not more a breathless desire to fill the time which passes them so quickly? Stand them side by side! The English girl with her abandonment, her self-assurance and her freedom. The little Malay girl, so much caged—a wife at twelve, mother at thirteen.

Which is I wonder, the sadder sight? The girl shorn for the moment of her womanhood, or the child shorn for ever of her youth.

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BOOM IN YAUMATI.
CHINESE BANK OPENS
TO-DAY.

Business in Yaumati is booming these days to such an extent that the merchants have persuaded a local Chinese banker to open premises there. The Un Fung Bank, of which Mr. Yeu Kwai-sang is managing director, opened its doors this morning. The capital is \$1,000,000, of which \$200,000 is paid up.

WOMEN ATHLETES.

WORLD'S RECORDS AT
STAMFORD BRIDGE.

London, August 5.—The biggest and most important meeting yet promoted in women's athletics took place, in the presence of about 25,000 spectators, at Stamford Bridge yesterday afternoon, when teams representing France, Belgium, Italy, Switzerland, Czechoslovakia, and Great Britain competed with each other in a series of flat and field events on the points system, the result being a decisive victory for the home country.

Very early records were broken, the first being that for the 1,000 metres run, which was won by Miss E. Trickey, one of our representatives, in 3min. 8 1/2 sec., as against her own British record of 3min. 22sec., and the world's record of 3min. 12 sec., held by a French girl, Mlle. M. Bréard.

Trickey later, in the one kilometre walking race, was beaten into third place by Mlle. Regel (France) and Miss Keeling (Great Britain) respectively.

Miss Mary Lines, Great Britain, won the running long jump at 16ft. 7 1/2 in., as against the world's record of 16ft. 6 in., by the Czechoslovakian M. Mezlikova, and the British record of 16ft. 5 in., by Miss Lines herself. This lady also beat world's record in the first heat of the 120 yards hurdles race, which she won in 17 3/4 sec., the previous best being her own 18 2/4 sec., and subsequently she won the final in 18 1/4 sec.

Later Miss Lines completed a wonderful triple performance by winning the final heat of the 250 metres race in the British record time of 34 1/4 sec., as against the previous best of 35 2/4 sec., by Miss V. Palmer, of the Kensington A.C., time which was beaten by Miss Palmer herself yesterday, when she won her preliminary heat of the same event in 34 3/4 sec.

Mlle. Grosjean, Switzerland, won the javelin throwing with a distance of 156ft. 0 in., beating her own world's record of 154ft. 2 in., and the British record of 121ft. 0 in. by Miss Birchenough, of the Middlesex Ladies' A.C.

In securing the discus also, world's record, which stood at 88ft. 8 in., by Mlle. G. Tembourret (France), and British record which was Miss Birchenough's 63ft. 1 in., were beaten by a French competitor, Mlle. V. Morris, who won at 88ft. 9 in., and in the 660 metres relay race, which was won by Great Britain, represented by Misses V. Palmer, I. W. Edwards, L. F. Gamble, and R. E. Thompson, world's record was once more beaten, the quartette named doing 1min 18 3/4 sec., as against 1min 22 3/4 sec. by a London Olympiad A.C. team.

The world's record high jump, held jointly by Mrs. S. C. Elliott-Lynn, Middlesex Ladies' A.C., and Miss E. Stine, America, at 4ft 10 1/2 in., was beaten by two girls and equalled by a third, Mlle. E. van Truyen, Belgium, winning at 4ft 11 1/2 in.

The international team placings, as the result of the various events, were as follows: Great Britain, 61 points, 1; France, 31 points, 2; Belgium, 15 points, 3; Czechoslovakia, 13 points, 4; Switzerland, 7 points, 5; Italy, 2 points, 6.

The programme included some events for the mere male, amongst them an attack on Wyndham Halswells' British record for 300 yards of 31 1/5 sec. by Guy M. Butler, Achilles A.C., the old quarter-mile champion, and E. J. Toms, of the Queen's Park Harriers. This provided, in effect, a most exciting match, which Butler won by about three yards in 31 4/5 sec.

Amongst those present were Lord Riddell and Lord Desborough.

A Chinese woman named Kwong Sik, 41 years, residing at No. 38, Lyndhurst Terrace, died in the Government Civil Hospital, soon after admission, at 1.30 p.m. yesterday. It is alleged that the woman was pushed over the verandah by her husband's concubine during a quarrel. The concubine has since absconded. The husband has been detained by the police.

At half past three o'clock this morning, three men attacked a coolie at Jervois Street, near Queen's Road Central, while he was asleep under the verandah. They seized him by the neck and rubbed pepper into his eyes. They also tried to take the belt off his waist. When he cried out, "Save life," the three men bolted. The assailants were chased by two detectives, who happened to be in the vicinity, and two of them were arrested.

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HARBOUR COLLISIONS.
"BORNEO'S" PLATE STOVE IN
BY "OSAKA MARU."

LAUNCH MAKES WATER.

"Ran into the s.s. 'Borneo' was one of the lines in the report furnished by Captain Michi Aoki, of the s.s. 'Osaka Maru,' to the Harbour Office this morning.

The "Osaka Maru," a N.Y.K. boat, was coming into harbour from Calcutta, via Singapore, about 6.15 yesterday evening and the "Borneo," (Captain van Denberg) for which the Yick Tai S.S. Co. are owners was tied to buoy No. A. 15, one of the new typhoon moorings. As stated, the Japanese ship ran into the "Borneo" but the damage, according to the manager of the Yick Tai Co. is not serious.

Only a few plates, above the water-line, were stove in at the starboard, forward. The "Borneo" will not need to go into dock but may be delayed a day or two in executing the necessary repairs. It is expected that she will leave on Saturday or Sunday.

The "Osaka Maru" is of 2,191 tons net. The "Borneo" is of 1,297 tons net. Formerly she was the N.D.L. ship by the same name, but was requisitioned by the Philippine Government and renamed the "Nipsic." She was sold to her present owners last February and renamed the "Borneo," being placed on the Hongkong-Haiphong run.

Launches Collide.
In and near the entrance to the Yaumati refuge there exists a maze of small craft ever avoiding a collision. Late yesterday afternoon, one of the launches belonging to the Hongkong and Yaumati Ferry Co., Ltd. was involved in an accident in which another launch was so badly shaken up that it took in water and had to be towed inside the breakwater.

At 6.35 p.m. the ferry launch "Man Ying"—similar in appearance to the pirated "Wing Shun"—was on its way with the usual complement of passengers from Yaumati to Hongkong. According to the coxswain's version, he was off the Kowloon Naval Depot when the steam-launch "Cheong Hing" was steering on his port quarter and suddenly ported helm, striking the stern of the ferry.

No damage was done to the ferry but the stem of the other launch seemed to give way and it made water. On seeing the other launch's condition the coxswain of the ferry turned and towed the "Cheong Hing" to shelter where she was still afloat this morning.

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DAIRY FARM NEWS.

"Save it with Ice"

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For the little you spend on Ice

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Marshal Chang Tso-lin.

A Reuter message from Harbin, states that it is reported that Chang Tso-lin, the warlord of Manchuria, has signed an agreement at Mukden, by which he recognises the Soviet Government.



STEALING A MARCH.

HOW MUKDEN FOOLED CHIHLI FACTION.

Below will be found a summary of an article in the "Shinpo," of Shanghai, by its Tientsin correspondent:

At first, Chihli's movement of troops took place only during night time, and other war activities were indulged in secret. But nothing on such a large scale could have escaped the lynx-eyed spies of Fengtien who soon put their warlord at Mukden on his guard. Scouts were on duty day and night by the Fengtien Army stationed west of Suichung and other precautions were taken against a surprise attack by the Chihli Army.

General Chang Hsueh-liang, popularly known as the Young General, proceeded to Chinchon on September 8 on a tour of inspection. General Li Chih-lin, accompanied by his adviser General Chih King-shun and Chief of Staff General Yang Yung-tung, returned to Suichung on September 9 after having inspected the military dispositions at the front. General Yang returned to Mukden the same day to submit a report to Marshal Chang Tso-hsin. Apparently all details of the military programme have been satisfactorily carried out in the vicinity of Shanhsakuan.

The next important point to be inspected by the Commander-in-Chief Li would be Hsienkung, and then Jehol. As soon as military arrangements at these places have been completed, fighting will probably begin.

Only a few days ago, Chang Tso-hsin and Tso Kun were fooling each other by an exchange of pacific sentiments and by sending mediators to and fro. It was the common belief that peace, at least in appearance, could be maintained for some time yet between Fengtien and Chihli. It came therefore quite as a surprise to all that both sides should have so quickly developed a hostile attitude. The change was effected not by magic but by a letter from Chang to Tso.

The Chihliites had planned to attack north-east after having crushed their foes in the south-east, thinking that Chang would sit on the fence in the meantime; that he would help Chihliang to fight the Chihliites only if the Chihliang Army were victorious; and that in the event of Chihliang being defeated, he would mediate between the two warring parties. They never anticipated that Chang would actually intervene so soon on the side of Li Yung-hsiang. To their dismay, Chang suddenly sent a letter, containing an ultimatum to the effect that unless all military activities against Chihliang were stopped forthwith, it would be impossible for the Fengtien Army to avoid a conflict with the Chihliites. After consulting Wu Pei-fu of Loyang, the Chihli Party decided to accept the challenge, as they had gone too far to beat an honourable retreat.

When the Kiangsu-Chihliang quarrel was approaching an acute stage, Chang Tso-hsin despatched Mr. Liang Sin-fung to Tientsin to persuade Marshal Tuan Chih-jui to emerge from his retirement; but Tuan still counselled caution. However, as Chang was firmly of opinion that co-operation by all parties against Chihli was absolutely necessary, he sent Mr. Liang again to Tientsin the following day on the same errand, and General Hsu Lan-chou two days later with a letter in his own handwriting in which Chang sincerely submitted his views and earnestly requested Tuan to listen to him. At that interview, a delegate from Li Yung-hsiang was also present who added his persuasive eloquence to that of General Hsu Lan-chou, to which Tuan yielded at last.

MARSHAL TUAN'S ADVICE.

The same evening, a conference was held, principally to decide the place at which it would be most convenient and dependable for Marshal Tuan to direct the campaign. The upshot was that Fengtien was selected as preferable to Chihliang which is accessible from too many sides; and since the fortune of war is always uncertain, Shanghai, though safe enough, is not considered a desirable place to live in, as it is under the control of foreigners and as no military measure could be openly taken by a Chinese therein. Besides, Fengtien has under its command the troops and resources of three provinces, being thus stronger than Chihliang. If victorious, the power of the Central Government could be seized; and in the case of defeat, the geographical position of Manchuria would always enable one to hold out on the defence.

This decision, arrived at a few days ago, was telegraphed to Mukden for approval, and Chang at once sent a reply warmly welcoming Marshal Tuan to Mukden. A portion of the Civil Governor's mansion at Mukden is being reserved for Tuan's accommodation. For all we know, Marshal Tuan may have already started on his way to Mukden by the time this appears in print.

ANNUAL MEETING.

MEMBERS OF PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY MONIC MAKE PLANS.

Sir Claud Severn presided at the annual meeting of the Hongkong Philharmonic Society, held in the Cathedral Hall last evening.

The chairman commented on the happy position in which the Society was placed in having no constitution and, rules, and later created much amusement by describing it in this connection as "a sort of Communist organisation." In a short review of the year's activities, the President mentioned that two successful concerts were held in the Theatre Royal, the first in December, under the conductorship of Mr. T. P. M. Bevan, and the second in March, under the conductorship of Mr. S. Collett. At the request of a number of members, the latter concert, was repeated in Kowloon, but owing to bad weather and other circumstances was not very well attended. At the beginning of the season, the Committee circulated a general appeal and a considerable number of members were enrolled, both active and subscribing. The total membership was now about 100. A further appeal for more members would be made shortly.

GILBERT AND SULLIVAN.

Early in the year, the question of producing a Gilbert and Sullivan opera was considered and eventually the Committee decided to undertake the production of the "Yeomen of the Guard," the first choral rehearsal of which would take place that evening. A donation was made to the Denman Fuller testimonial in appreciation of his services not only to the Society but in connection with music generally in the Colony. The Society had become affiliated to the British Musical Society, which allowed them considerable facilities for obtaining music.

Sir Claud Severn expressed thanks to the Church Body for so kindly allowing the use of the Cathedral Hall for the holding of the meeting and to Mr. Collett for his work as Conductor and Mr. Piercy for his services as Hon. Secretary.

On the proposition of the President, seconded by Mr. H. Anniss, the Statement of Accounts was unanimously adopted. This showed a balance brought forward from last year of \$119.41 and receipts, amounting to \$2,159.64. After payment of all expenses, there remained a balance of \$329.08.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Sir Claud Severn was unanimously re-elected President of the Society on the proposition of Mr. S. Collett. Commodore Grace, Messrs. Owen Hughes, C. M. H. Beavis, C. Middleton Smith and E. Ralphs, were elected Vice-Presidents.

The President announced that Mr. G. H. Piercy was unable to continue as Hon. Secretary, and proposed the name of Mr. P. W. F. Mills. The motion was seconded by Mr. Piercy, and unanimously carried. Mr. E. Ralphs was asked to continue to act as Hon. Treasurer, and Mr. S. Collett was confirmed in office as Conductor, the resolution being proposed by the President and seconded by Mr. Morgan Richards. Messrs. Mason, Piercy, Bevan and Best were elected to form the Committee.

The President announced that the "Yeomen of the Guard" would be produced at the first concert in December, and the March concert would be on somewhat the same lines as last year. Mr. Collett made it clear that it was impossible for the Society to produce another Gilbert and Sullivan opera in March. The "Yeomen of the Guard" was an experiment and the Society had entailed considerable liabilities, and it was desired to see first of all whether it would be a success. Thanks to Mr. Piercy for his services as Hon. Secretary during the past year and to the President for conducting the proceedings, concluded the business.

A choral rehearsal of the "Yeomen of the Guard," which the Society is presenting the public in December, followed.

DRY MANILA?

NOMINAL FINES.

(Reuter's Service.)

Manila, September 22. It is unofficially stated that even if the American consuls continue in their refusal of bills of health for ships carrying liquor to the Philippines, the local Customs will permit entry, with merely a nominal fine. The present law provides a maximum fine of two thousand pesos on vessels unprovided with a bill of health, but no minimum is stated. It is believed a nominal fine of ten pesos will be imposed where a ship's failure to show a bill of health is due merely to the presence of liquor in the cargo. Governor-General Leonard Wood has cabled to Washington requesting the reversal of the recent consular action regarding liquor imports into the Philippines.

N.Y.K.

DISSENSION IN RANKS ONCE MORE.

(Reuter's Service.)

Tokyo, September 22.

The long-existing dissatisfaction among the office employees of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha with the management, to whose policy is attributed the present depression in the business of the Company, culminated yesterday in the resignations of a large number of the Company's office staffs all over the world, including prominent employees, the immediate reason being that in consequence of a written protest against the management, demanding the resignation of the President, eleven of the prime movers were dismissed.

Later, Among those who have resigned are the managers at Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Moji, Nagasaki, Bombay, Calcutta, London, Seattle, New York and sub-managers at Hongkong, Singapore, Liverpool, Hamburg and Shanghai. These, as well as many executives of the Head Office have issued a manifesto of their grievances, wherein they protest against the President, alleging that he has attempted to consolidate his own position at the expense of the Company's business, by creating his own faction among the employees thereby disturbing the traditional harmony of the administration. The directors are holding a conference to determine their attitude. At present the marine staffs and seamen are holding themselves aloof.

CAUSE OF DISMISSALS.

The Directors of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha after a meeting, made a statement explaining that the employees were dismissed as a disciplinary measure because they attempted to interfere in the administrative affairs of the company. A meeting was decided to attempt to reconcile the rebellious faction.

L.O.N.

MARX WOULD JOIN.

(Reuter's Service.)

Berlin, September 22. Speaking at a party meeting at Radolfzell, Baden, Chancellor Marx said that it should be understood and agreed that Germany, maintaining her honour and recognised as a great power, should apply for admission to the League of Nations, which ought to leave her freedom and be just to her justifiable claims. They ought not to let any opportunity to achieve this end slip. He did not yet know whether the Cabinet would come to a decision on Tuesday, but he thought that at the present time the factors making for such a course had the upperhand.

ANOTHER FLIGHT.

HOLLAND TO JAVA.

(Reuter's Service.)

The Hague, September 22. The Dutch Air Service has organised a flight from Holland to the East Indies, starting on October 1, in a Pottier monoplane with Kolls Royce engine. "Thomassen Vanderloop" will be pilot, accompanied by Lieutenant Poelman. It is intended to make the flight in twenty stages, the shortest of which will be 266 miles and the longest 625 miles. The first stop will be Prague.

FIRE ON SHIP.

FIVE CHINESE TAKEN TO HOSPITAL.

OUTBREAK IN BUNKERS.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

SINGAPORE, September 22. Fire broke out today in the bunkers of the cable ship s.s. "Patrol." Five Chinese were so badly overcome by the gaseous fumes that they had to be removed to hospital.

HOCKEY TO-MORROW.

There will be a Practice Game for members of the Hongkong Hockey Club to-morrow (Wednesday), at the Marina Ground, Kowloon. The bully-off will be at 5:15 p.m., and the teams selected are follows:

Whites—P. W. F. Mills, Hughes, G. H. Piercy, E. J. R. Mitchell, E. L. Martin, H. G. Gardner, J. A. H. Plummer, D. S. Green, W. Hyde, H. J. Armstrong, J. C. Paers. Colours—A. Bower, H. C. Macnamara, L. A. R. Duncan, W. H. Lock, The Rev. T. B. Powell, L. R. Blacking, D. H. F. Macmaster, E. Glanville, W. Woodward, A. C. L. Bowker, B. D. Evans.

WOMAN KILLED.

YOUTH CHARGED WITH MURDER.

PIANIST AND WAITER.

London, August 23.—While walking beside a cornfield near Basingstoke, Hampshire, Mr. Samuel Stone, an elderly visitor from London, and his wife saw the body of a woman lying on her back in the corn with her face disfigured by injuries.

They hurried to the railway station with the news and a telephone message was sent to the police station. Superintendent J. Wyatt left for the scene and the police doctor was summoned. The woman was identified by her handbag as Mrs. Lucy Fisher, 42, wife of Mr. Charles Fisher, of Lancaster-road, Southview, a pleasant suburb of new houses just outside the town. A few hours later Superintendent Wyatt arrested a youth of 24—William Edward Charles Matthews—at a house in Queen's-road, Basingstoke, and charged him at the police station with the murder of Mrs. Fisher.

Matthews is well-known in the town as he has often played the piano at local dances. It is understood that he returned only recently from London, where he is said to have worked as a waiter in West End restaurants.

Mr. Fisher had been married for 20 years and has 3 children, a son of 20, a daughter of 17, and a boy of 3.

Mrs. Fisher was fond of dancing, and while she worked hard at domestic duties in the day she liked to go out in the evening.

When Matthews was charged before the County Bench at Basingstoke, with the murder, he sat in the dock with a handkerchief over his face and sobbed bitterly for sometime.

The only witness, Superintendent Wyatt, said that when charged with murder Matthews replied with confusion, "I am too confused, but cannot remember doing something, but cannot remember what. She had been jawing me over money matters. She grabbed me and I grabbed her by the throat. I don't remember anything until I recovered, when I was standing over her."

ACCUSED SENT FOR TRIAL.

The inquest on Mrs. Fisher was held at Basingstoke.

Charles Stephen Fisher, leather finisher, the husband, said that on the evening before her body was found his wife went, as was her custom, for a stroll. She did not return. While he was at work next day a man told him a woman had been found murdered. His wife came to his mind at once.

His wife had left him for a fortnight on two occasions. When she returned she gave what he thought was a satisfactory explanation. She had never been away for a single night.

Dr. H. W. Bethell, Basingstoke, said that severe injuries had been inflicted on the woman's head and face. Both ears had been severed. One eye was missing. It looked as though the head had been forcibly driven into the ground. The weapon must have had a sharp edge. The injuries could not have been caused by the tip of a boot. It was stated that on the evening before Mrs. Fisher's body was found Matthews and Mrs. Fisher, who had been seen together frequently in the last three weeks, were seen walking arm-in-arm towards the field.

Miss Edith Annie Matthews, sister of the accused man, said that just after 11 p.m., on the same night her brother told her he had killed a woman—Mrs. Fisher. She later told the police.

The jury returned a verdict of Murder against Matthews, who was committed for trial on the coroner's warrant.

BRITAIN AND EGYPT.



BRITAIN KEEPS SUDAN. The present British government has endorsed the policy of the predecessor of maintaining the Sudan. The announcement is significant in view of the coming visit to London of the Egyptian Premier to present a demand for cession of the Sudan to Egypt.

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CAUGHT IN BEDROOM.

ALLEGED BURGLAR'S STORY.

London, August 6.—A curious story was told Mr. S. Fleming at the Westminster Police-court yesterday by Thomas Smith, 42, labourer, in answer to a remanded charge of being concerned with another man not in custody in burglariously breaking and entering No. 52 Flat, Westminster Palace-gardens, Victoria-street, S.W., with intent to commit a felony.

The flat is on the seventh floor and in the occupation of Mr. Stephen Percival Cane, an architect, who said that at 2.30 on the morning of July 31 he was aroused by his mother, and he made a search of the flat. The front door was closed, but police officers were already on the landing, and on searching the bedroom was found crouching behind a chair. Nothing was missing from the flat. Prisoner now said that on the Wednesday afternoon he was paid £6 5s. 6d. at Swanwick, near Southampton, and was given fourteen days' holiday. He was going to Norfolk. He arrived at Waterloo, and missed the last train from Liverpool-street. He then went out and had a drink, intending to find lodgings for the night. With two men and a woman he hired a taxi to go to the place where he was to be put up for the night, and while in the cab he lost all his money. After walking through several streets he saw a large building lit up, and he "marched right in, up the stairs, and into a bath room," locking himself in, as he thought. Later he heard voices, and realising that he was in a place where he ought not to be he got through the bathroom window and tried to make for the ground. He entered another room, and was then caught. He did not fully realise what trouble he was in until a policeman fetched him from the cell, later in the morning. "I stand to lose," he concluded, "£18 bonus, £12 worth of tools, and a weekly wage of £3 1s. 6d. through this."

The magistrate asked the police to make inquiries in order to test the truth of the prisoner's story, adding that if it was true it would probably affect the course to be adopted in dealing with the case. Accused was remanded.



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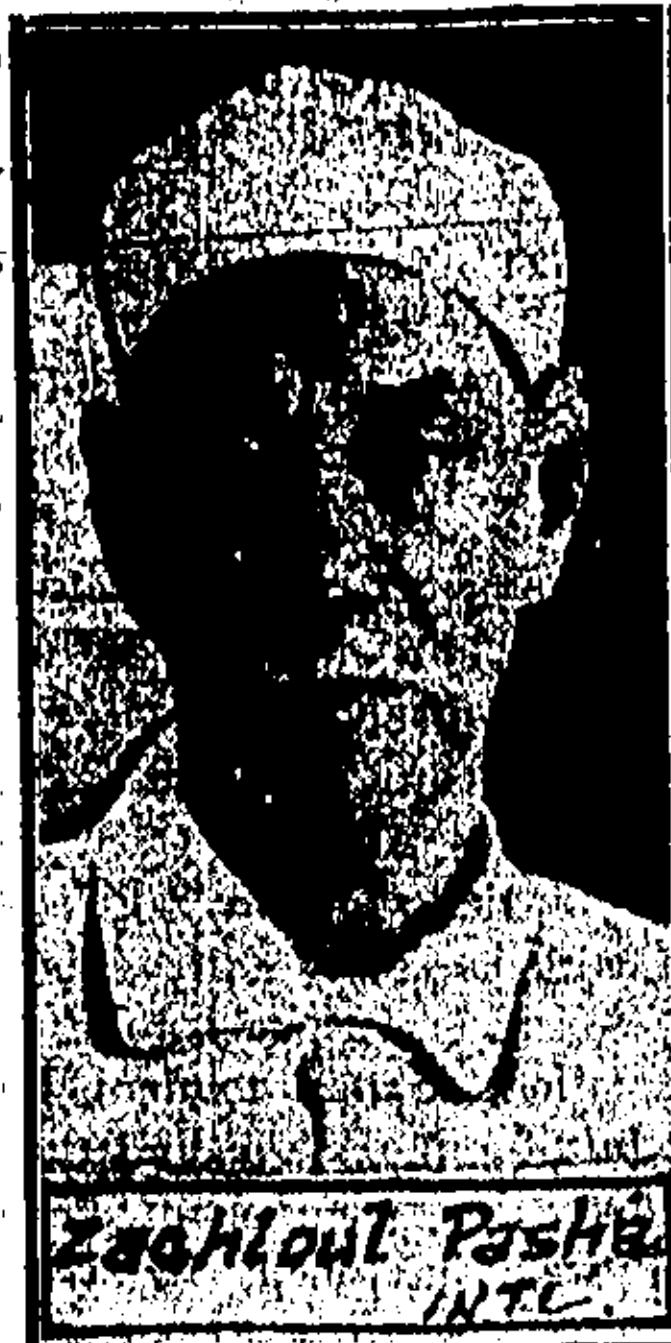
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SOLE AGENTS.



Count and Countess Carlo Dentice de Frasso, of Rome, are in a hospital seriously injured. The Countess, formerly the wife of Claude Graham-White, English aviator, has several fractured ribs. The accident occurred when their motor car collided with another. The other passenger and the chauffeur were uninjured.



Above is shown an exclusive photograph of Saad Zaghloul Pasha, Nationalist Prime Minister of Egypt, who is recuperating in a hospital at Neutours. An attempt was made recently to assassinate him in Cairo while he was preparing to leave for London. He is now well on the road to recovery.



Although she is only 17 years old, Jean Corbett, of New York, successfully underwent tests for admission to the Royal Life Saving Society of England. She is the first American girl to receive a diploma from the society. The tests were extremely difficult.

WATCHING WHITE WINGS AT COWES.



Photo by Central News.

Block by Nam Sun.

Watching the progress of the yacht racing at Cowes through a telescope.



Frank A. Vanderlip, New York financier, a few months ago founded a private organization in Washington to run down graft and corruption in public life. Many investigations were started, a suite of offices opened and active work begun. Now, however, all is quiet in the offices, where only three clerks remain. It is reported the venture cost him \$20,000.



With Americans, French, British, Argentine and Italian fliers attempting round-the-world flights, China is taking keener interest in aviation. General Chao, who as a young officer, received instruction from foreign aviators, has been named director of the Chinese Air Service, to organize aviation on commercial and war-time basis.



Insisting that Germany was anxious to carry out the terms of the Dawes reparations report, Chancellor Wilhelm Marx, who was warmly welcomed in London by the Premier Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, nevertheless insisted that France must agree to evacuate the Ruhr and to return to Germany control of railways now being operated by the French.

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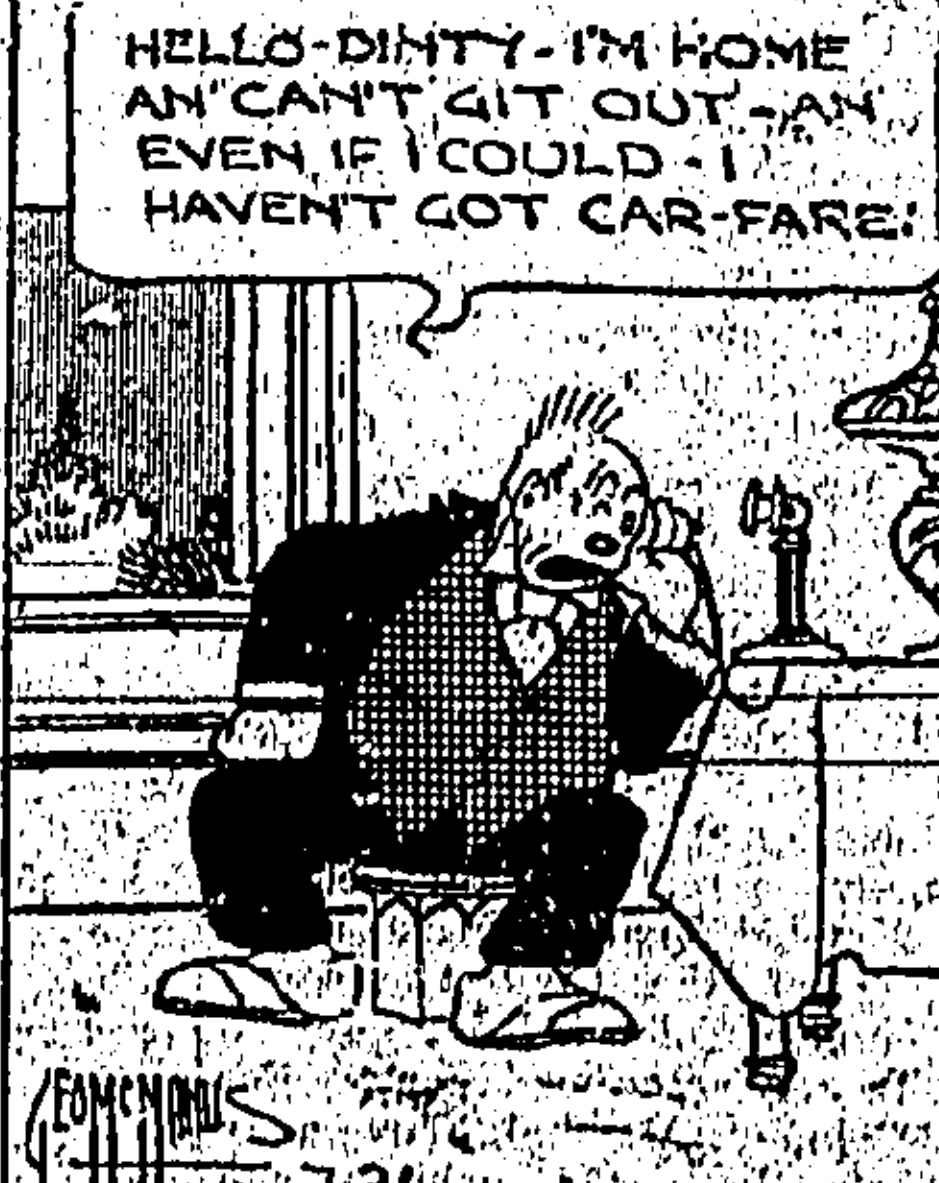
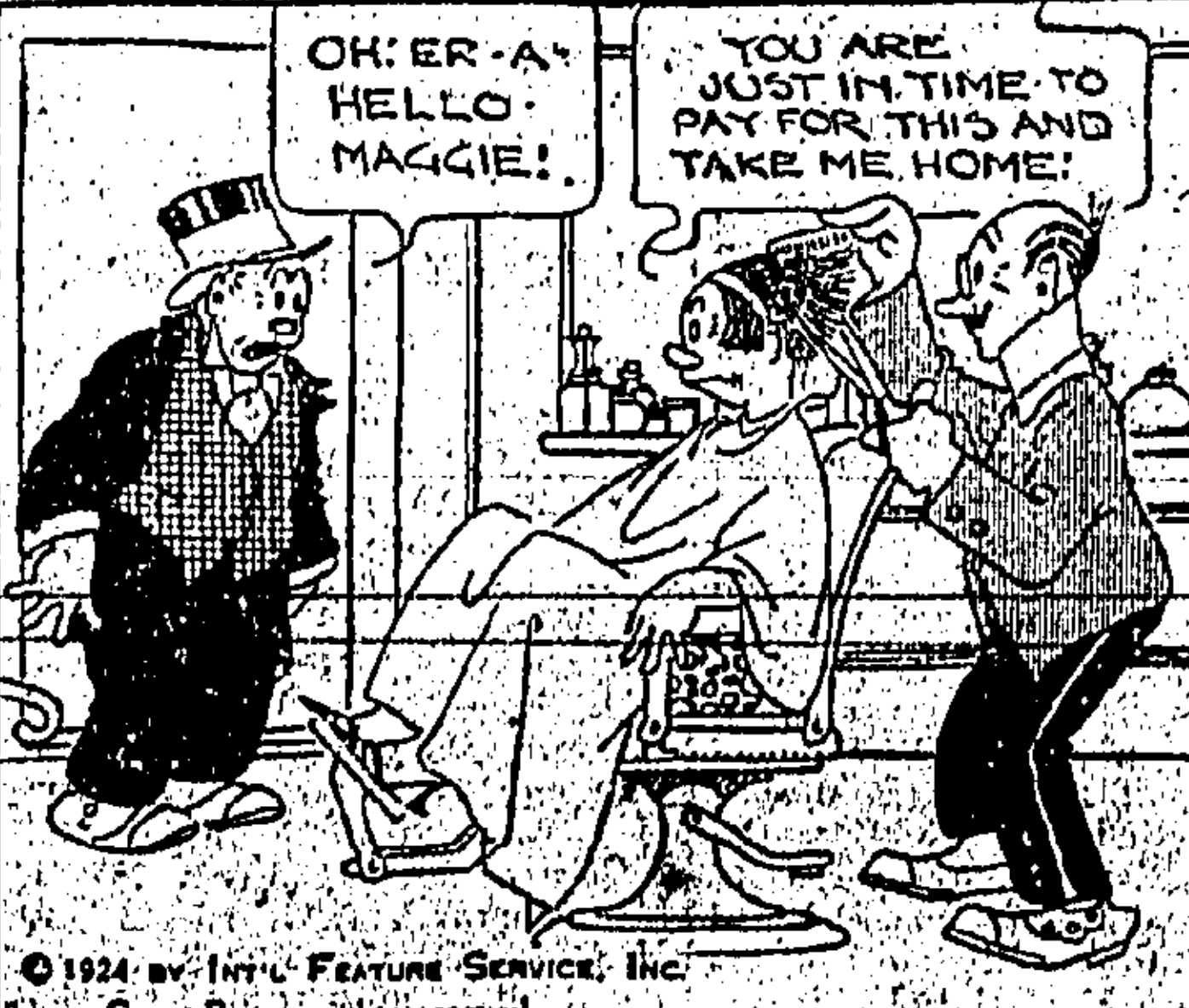
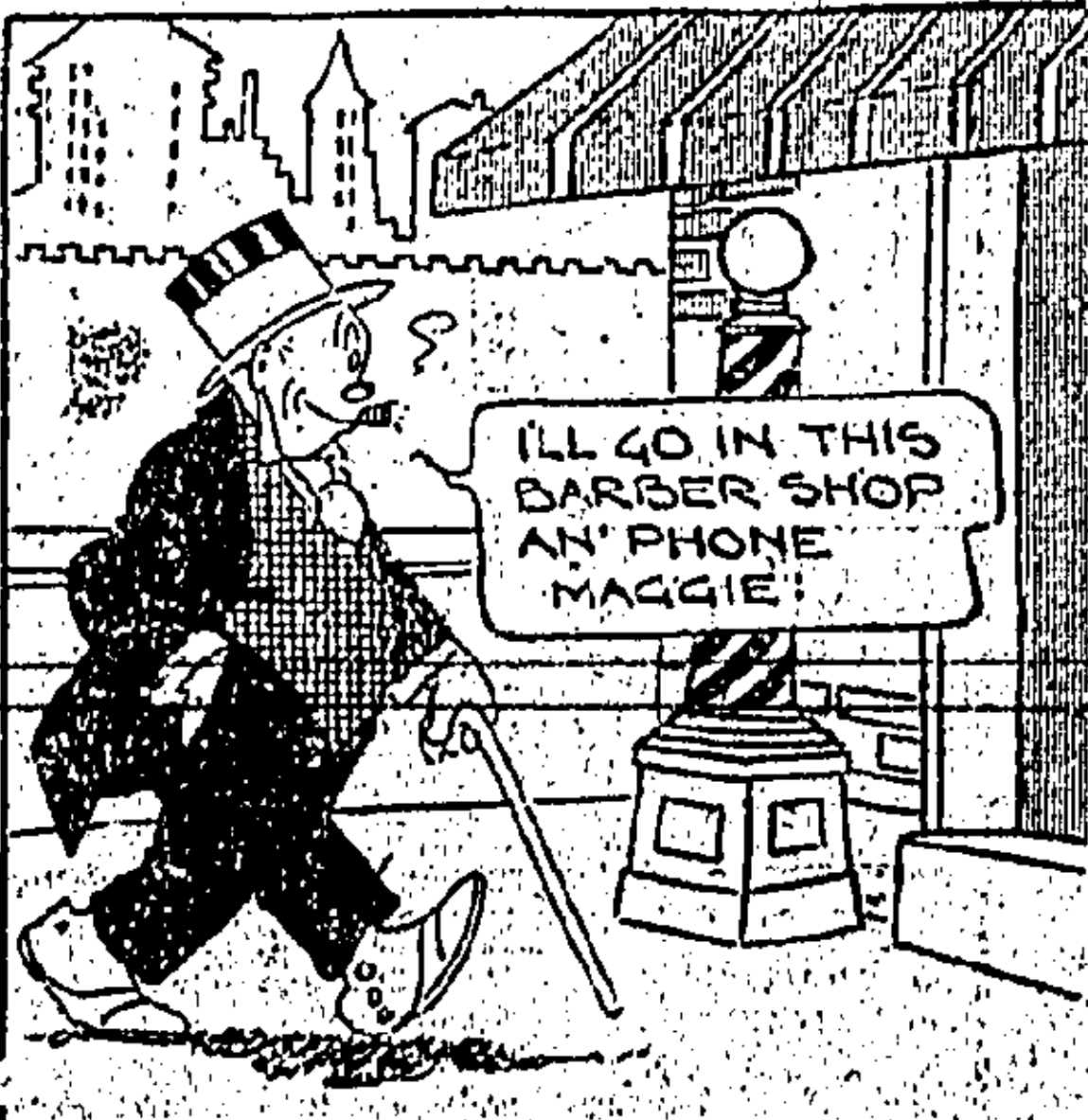
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WEATHER REPORT.

September 23d. 10h. 45m.
Pressure has increased moderately
at Chiofo and over central and
S.W. Japan. Changes elsewhere
are slight.

The anticyclone is now central
to the north of the lower Yangtze
Valley.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24
hours ending at 10 a.m., to-day,
0.10 inch. Total since January 1st,
87.50 inches, against an average of
73.73 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending
at noon on September 24, 1924.

1.—Formosa Channel,
N.E. winds, fresh.

2.—South coast of China
between Hongkong and Lamocke,
E. winds, fresh; showery.

3.—Hongkong to Gap Rock,
E. winds, fresh; showery.

4.—South coast of China
between Hongkong and Hainan,
E. winds, fresh; showery.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY,
HONGKONG.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

SEPTEMBER 23, 1924.—a.m.

Station.	Bar.	Therm.	Humid.	Wind.	Weather.
Victoria	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Hongkong	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Shanghai	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Amoy	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Swatow	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Shantou	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Shenzhen	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Yantai	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Qingdao	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Beijing	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Tientsin	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Harbin	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Manchuria	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Inner Mongolia	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Outer Mongolia	30.03	85	86	NE	1
North China	30.03	85	86	NE	1
South China	30.03	85	86	NE	1
East China	30.03	85	86	NE	1
South Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Indian Ocean	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Arabian Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Bengal Bay	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Andaman Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Malacca Strait	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Sunda Strait	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Java Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Philippine Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Sulu Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Celebes Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Molucca Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Tonga Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Fiji Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Indian Ocean	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Arabian Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Bengal Bay	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Andaman Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Malacca Strait	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Sunda Strait	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Java Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Philippine Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Sulu Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Celebes Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Molucca Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Tonga Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1
Fiji Sea	30.03	85	86	NE	1

Hongkong Observatory, Sept. 23, 1924.

1. Barometer, reduced to 32 degrees.

Fahrenheit, on the level of the sea is

to be, tenths and hundredths.

2. Thermometer, in the shade in de-

grees Fahrenheit.

3. Humidity, in percentage of saturation

the humidity of air saturated with

moisture being 100.

4. Direction of Wind, to two points.

5. Force of Wind, according to

Beaufort Scale.

6. State of Sky, by blue sky, blue sky,

detached clouds, d. drizzling rain, fog,

g. gloomy, h. hail, i. lightning, o. overcast,

p. passing showers, q. squall, r. rain, s. move,

t. thunder, v. visibility, w. dew, wa.

7. Rain in inches tenths and hun-

dredths.

8. Direction of Wind, to two points.

9. Force of Wind, according to

Beaufort Scale.

10. State of Sky, by blue sky, blue sky,

detached clouds, d. drizzling rain, fog,

g. gloomy, h. hail, i. lightning, o. overcast,

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Japan	Philoctetes	
Japan	Tijndari	
EUROPE via Negapatam (Letters & papers London)	Calchas	
28th Aug.	.....	
U.S.A. Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Pres. Pierce	
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 29.	.....	
Japan	Arafora	
U.S.A. Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Pres. Van Buren	
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3.	.....	
Australia and Hawaii	St. Albans	
U.S.A. Canada, Japan and Shanghai	Pres. Jefferson	

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Parcels 5 p.m. Registration 24th 8 a.m.		
Letters 8 a.m. Pres. Cleveland		
Cebu	Philoctetes	5 p.m.
Hohow and Halphong	Song Bo	5 p.m.
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24.	.....	
Hohow and Pakhoi	Yee Yee Wa	8 a.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E.	.....	
& S. Africa, Egypt & EUROPE via	.....	
MARSEILLES—due Marseilles 25th	.....	
Oct. Registration 8.45 a.m. Letters	.....	
8.30 a.m.	.....	
Java via Batavia	Kamo Maru	11 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Tijndari	11.30 a.m.
Straits and Calcutta	Namsang	1 p.m.
Wohaiwei	Chunying	2.30 p.m.
Macao	Chunghow	3.15 p.m.
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25.	.....	
Swatow	Hydrangea	3.30 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Kamo Maru	9 a.m.
Java via Batavia	Samarang Maru	9.30 a.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A. Central	.....	
& South America & EUROPE via	.....	
Vancouver—due Vancouver B.C. 18th	.....	
Oct. Parcels for Canada only 1—9 a.m.	.....	
Registration 9.15 a.m. Letters 10 a.m.	.....	
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E.	.....	
& S. Africa, Egypt & EUROPE via	.....	
MARSEILLES—due Marseilles 26th	.....	
Oct. Registration 8.45 a.m. Letters	.....	
8.30 a.m.	.....	
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 26.	.....	
Hohow and Halphong	Song Bo	8 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Namsang	9 a.m.
Japan	Chunghow	9.30 a.m.
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27.	.....	
Shanghai	Liangchow	10 a.m.
Manila	Loosan	11 a.m.
Straits and Calcutta	Footsang	1 p.m.
Salaga, Ceylon, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt	.....	
& EUROPE via MARSEILLES—due	.....	
Marseilles 28th Oct. Ship sails on	.....	
Sunday, 28th Sept. at 4 p.m. Registration	.....	
4.15 p.m. Letters 5 p.m.	.....	
Fort Bevard, Pakhoi and Halphong	.....	
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28.	.....	
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	.....	
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 29.	.....	
Swatow and Bangkok	Chunghow	2.30 p.m.
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30.	.....	
Java via Batavia	Tijndari	11 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	.....	
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 1.	.....	
Manila, Sandakan, AUSTRALIA and New	.....	
Zealand via Thursday Island—due	.....	
Thursday Island 14th Oct. Parcels 8.30	.....	
5 p.m. Registration 1st Oct. 8.45 a.m.	.....	
Letters 8.30 a.m.	.....	
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2.	.....	
Java via Batavia	Tijndari	11 a.m.
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3.	.....	
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E.	.....	
& S. Africa, Egypt & EUROPE via	.....	
Marseilles—due Marseilles Nov. 1. Parcels	.....	
Oct. 2 5 p.m. Registration 3rd Oct. 8.45 a.m.	.....	
Letters 8.30 a.m.	.....	

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

THE
CORONET

LAST SHOWING TO-DAY

Cecil B. DeMille's

production

"FOOL'S

PARADISE"

with

DOROTHY DALTON, MILBRED

HARRIS, CONRAD NAGEL AND

THEODORE KOSLOFF.

THE
STAR

TO-DAY

TO-DAY

TO-DAY

TO-DAY

TO-DAY

TO-DAY